



# Emulation of Cosmic-Ray Antideuteron Fluxes from Dark Matter Annihilation

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Based on ArXiv: 2406.18642

**Lena Rathmann**

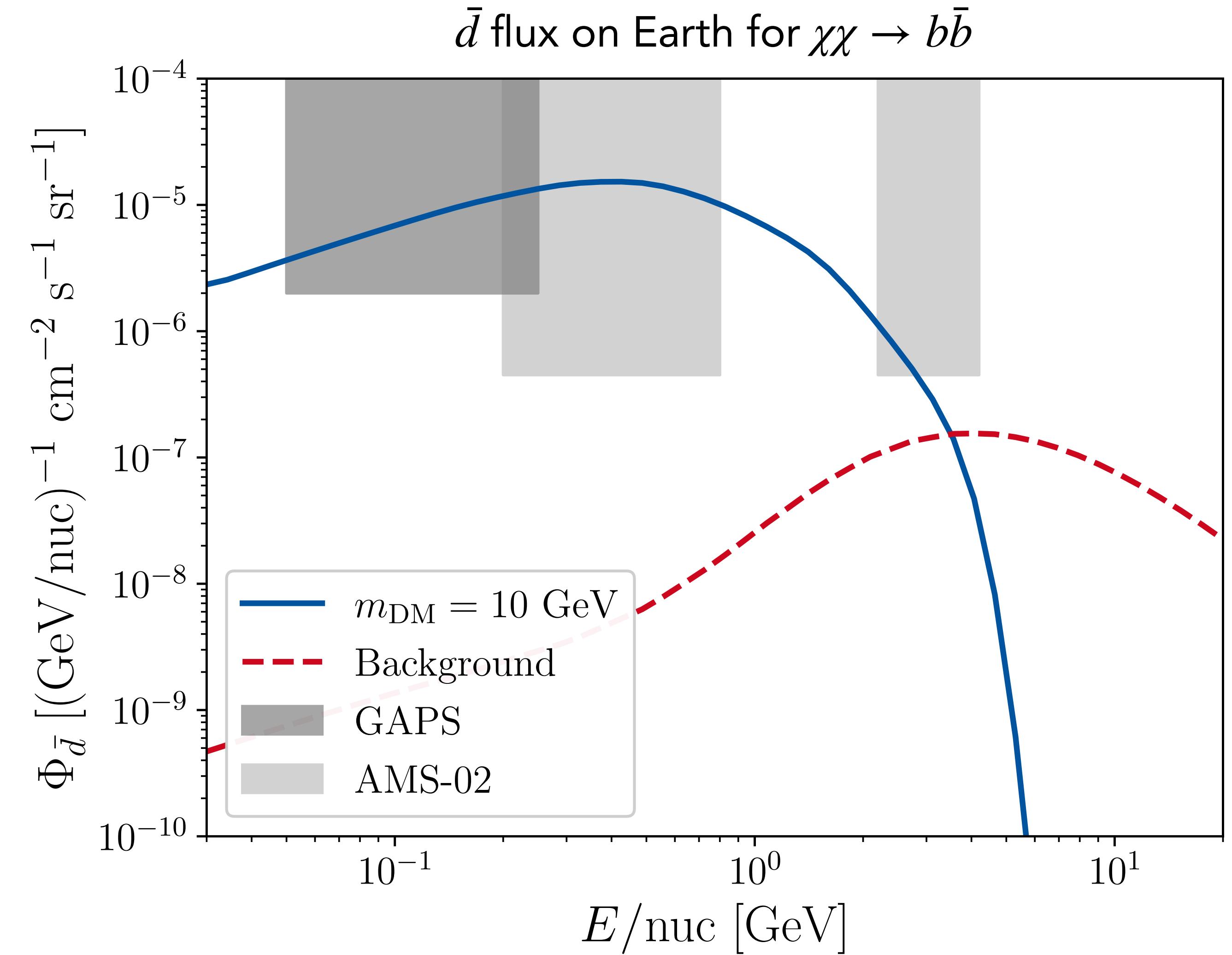
In collaboration with Jan Heisig, Michael Korsmeier,  
Michael Krämer and Kathrin Nippel

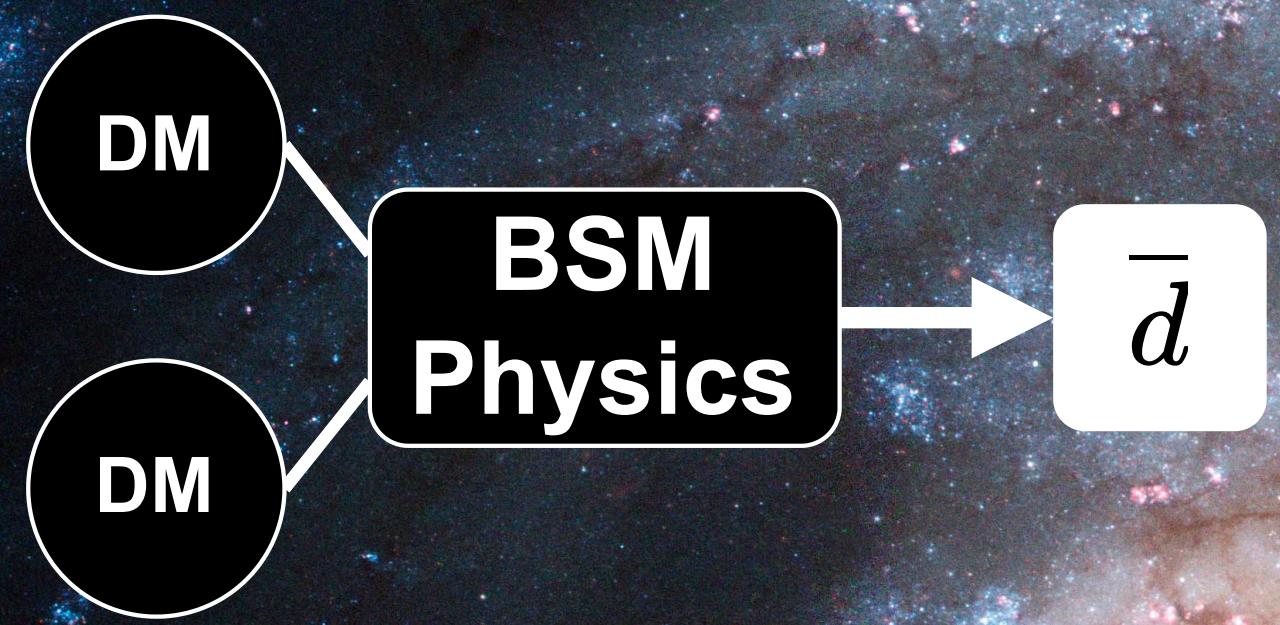
TeVPA Conference 2024

26.08.2024

# Why Antideuterons?

- Antimatter can be produced in dark matter annihilations
- **Background** from interactions of cosmic rays **negligible** at low energies for antinuclei but not for antiparticles
- New **GAPS** experiment & **AMS-02** can detect low energy antinuclei

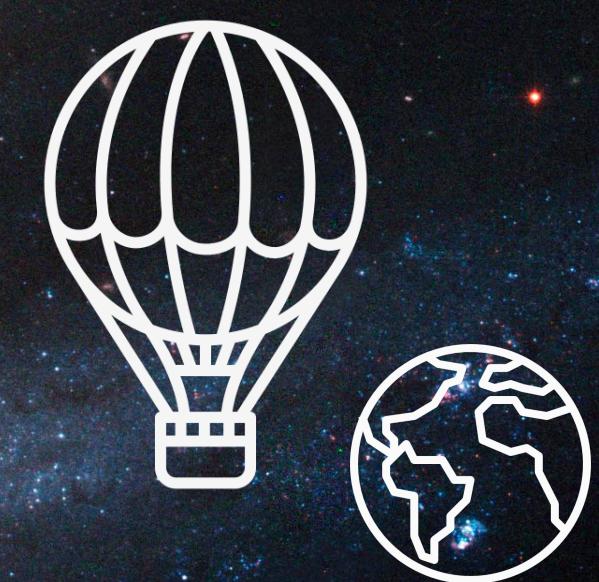


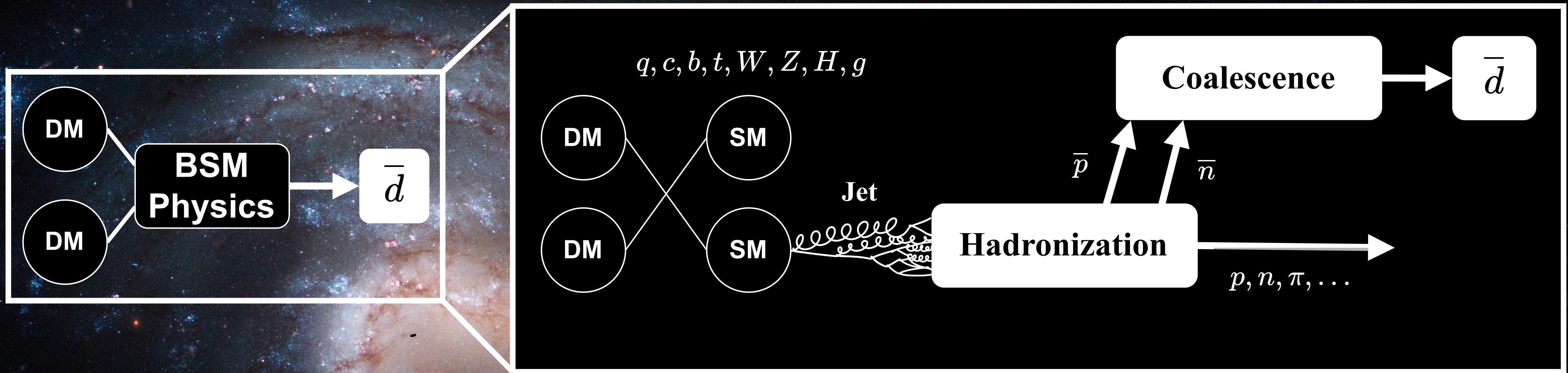


# Where do Antideuterons come from?



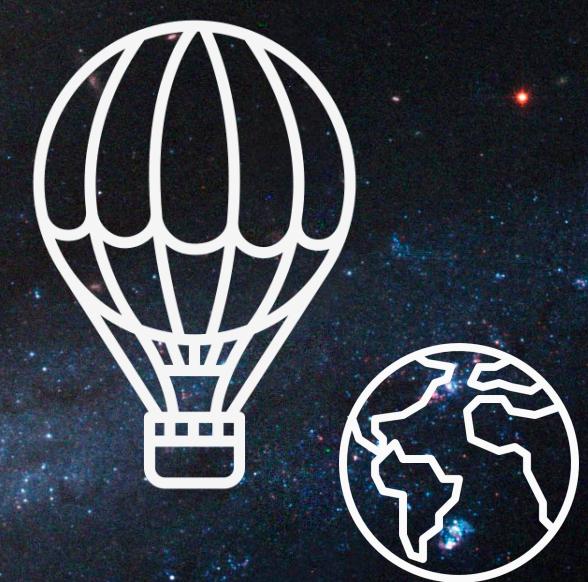
GAPS



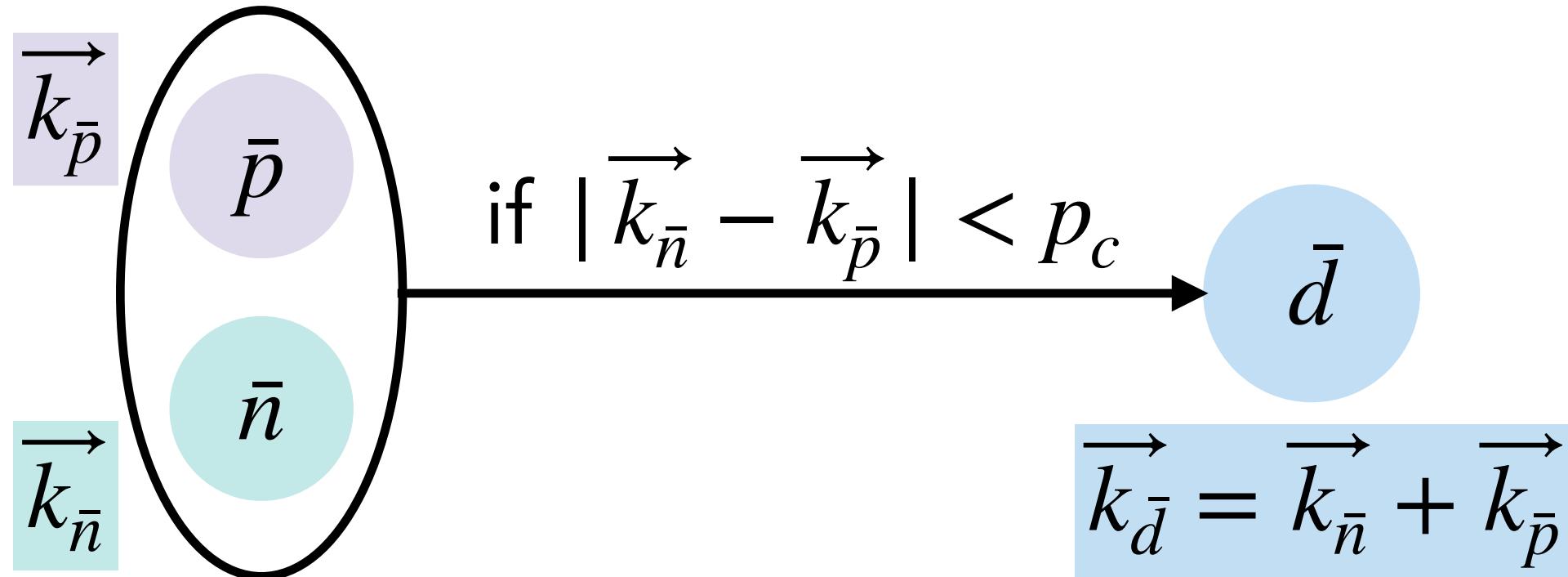


# Production

GAPS



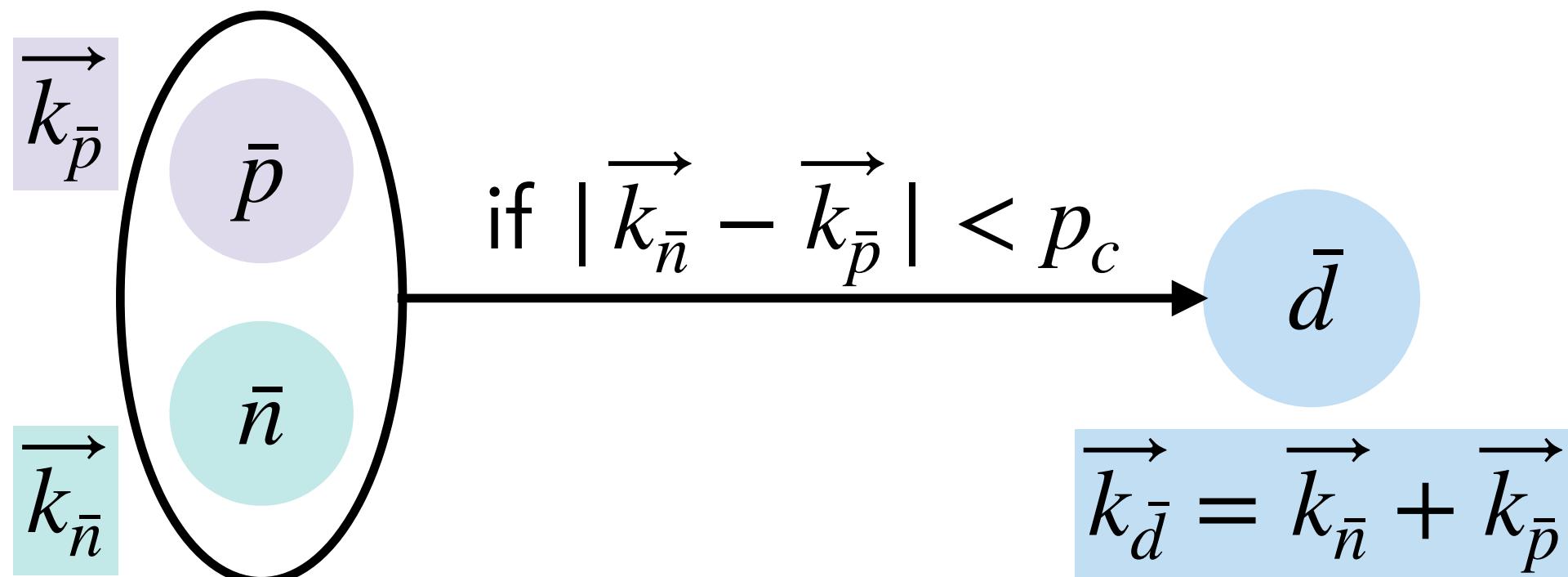
# Production: Coalescence Mechanism



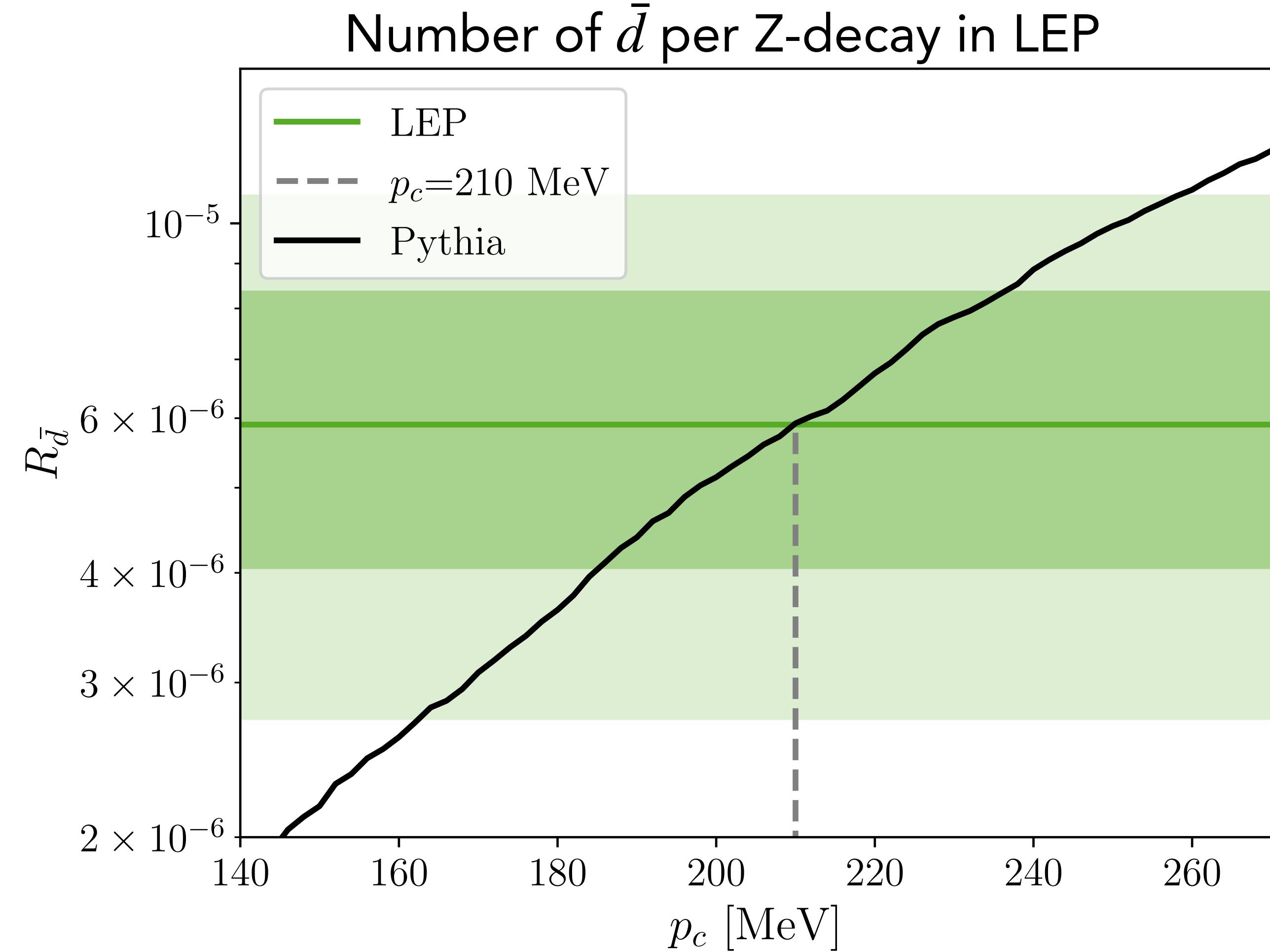
- Coalescence momentum  $p_c$ ,  
determined from experiment

Fornengo+ [1306.4171]

# Production: Coalescence Mechanism

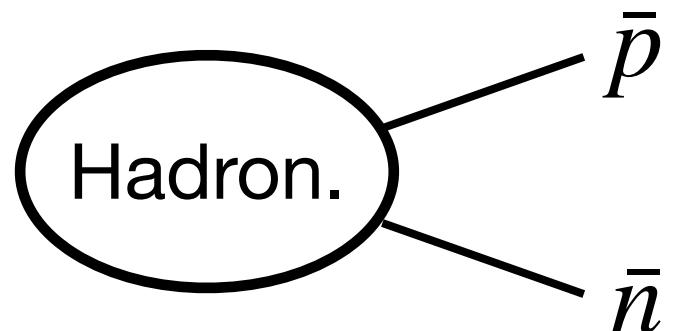


- **Coalescence momentum  $p_c$ ,** determined from experiment
- Match number of antideuterons from simulated hadronic Z-decays to amount measured by LEP
- **Spatial separation** smaller than 2 fm

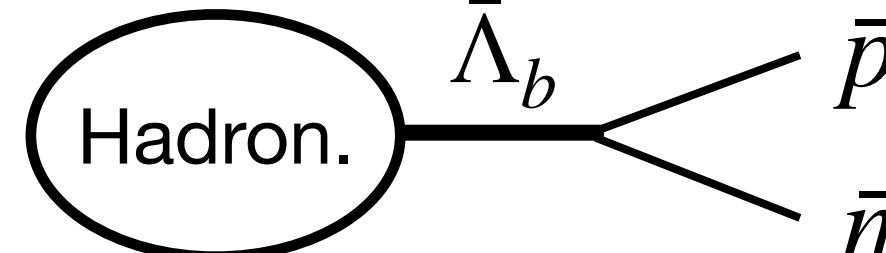


Fornengo+ [1306.4171]

# Antideuterons from $\bar{\Lambda}_b$ Decay



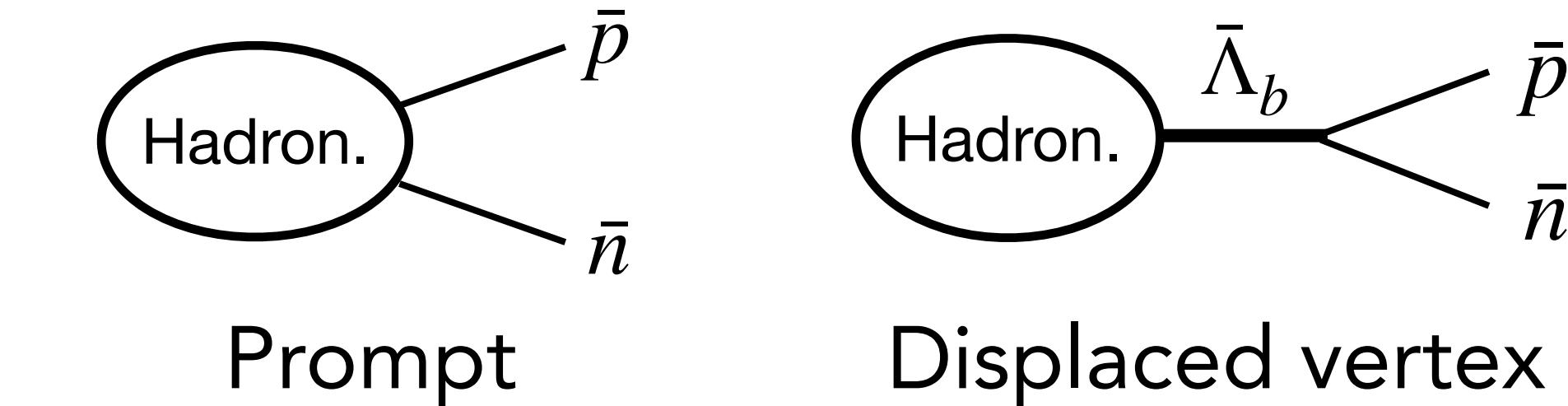
Prompt



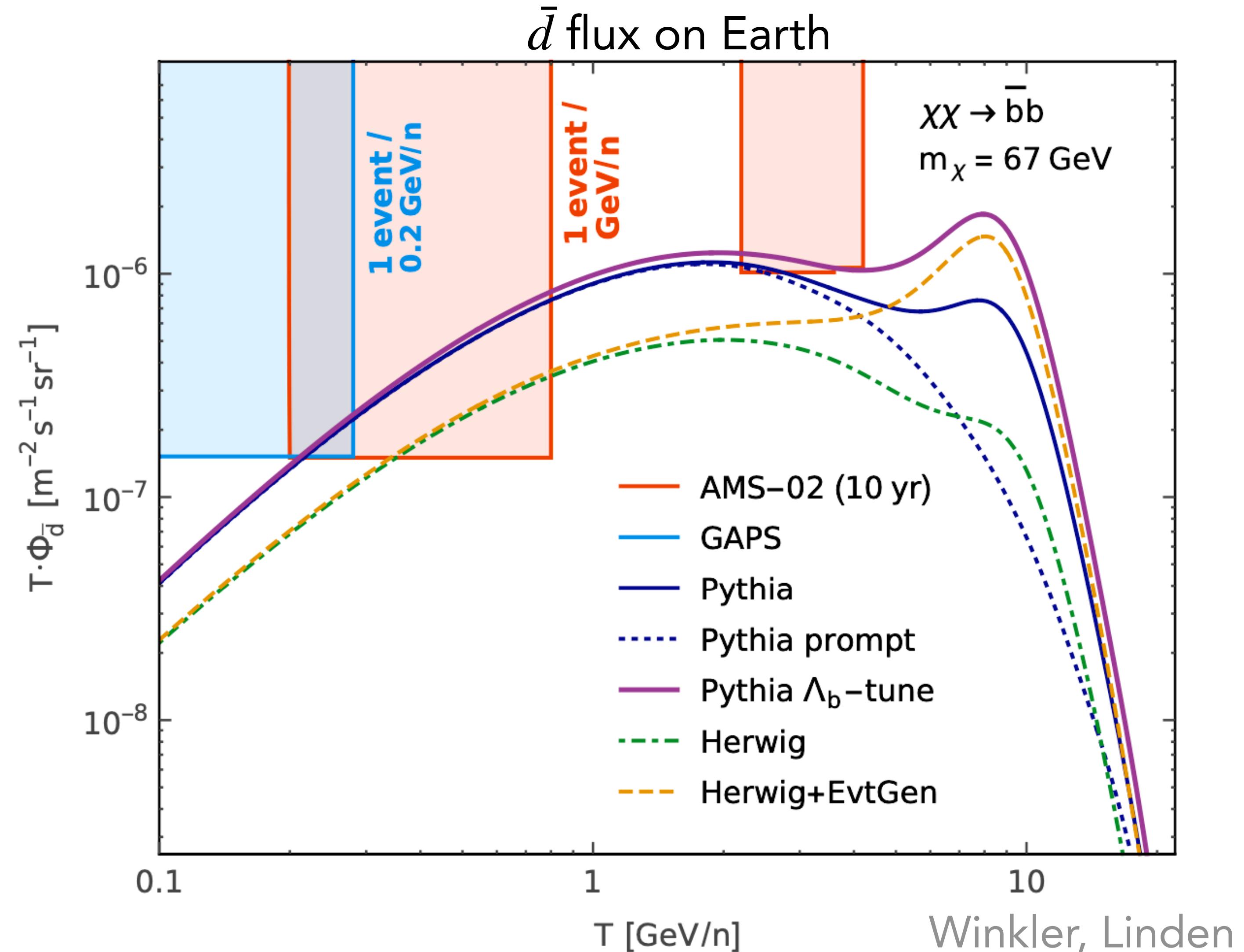
Displaced vertex

- $m_{\bar{\Lambda}_b} = 5.6 \text{ GeV} \rightarrow$  decays into particles with small relative momenta  $\rightarrow$  **boosts  $\bar{d}$**  production

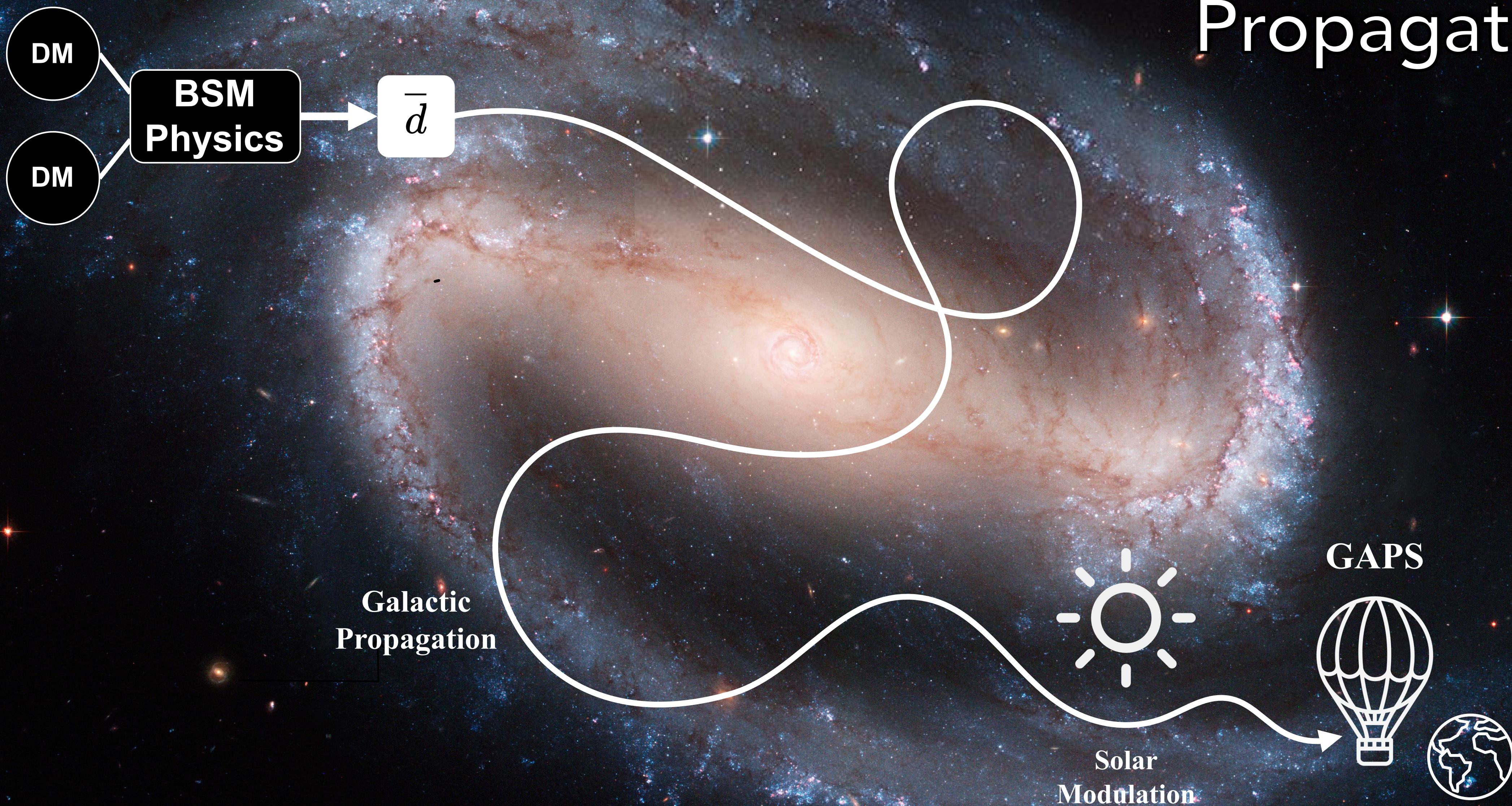
# Antideuterons from $\bar{\Lambda}_b$ Decay



- $m_{\bar{\Lambda}_b} = 5.6 \text{ GeV} \rightarrow$  decays into particles with small relative momenta  $\rightarrow$  **boosts  $\bar{d}$  production**
- Rescale  $\bar{\Lambda}_b$  production in PYTHIA to match measurement of transition ratio  $f(b \rightarrow \Lambda_b)$  with extra parameter  $r_{\Lambda_b} \approx 3$

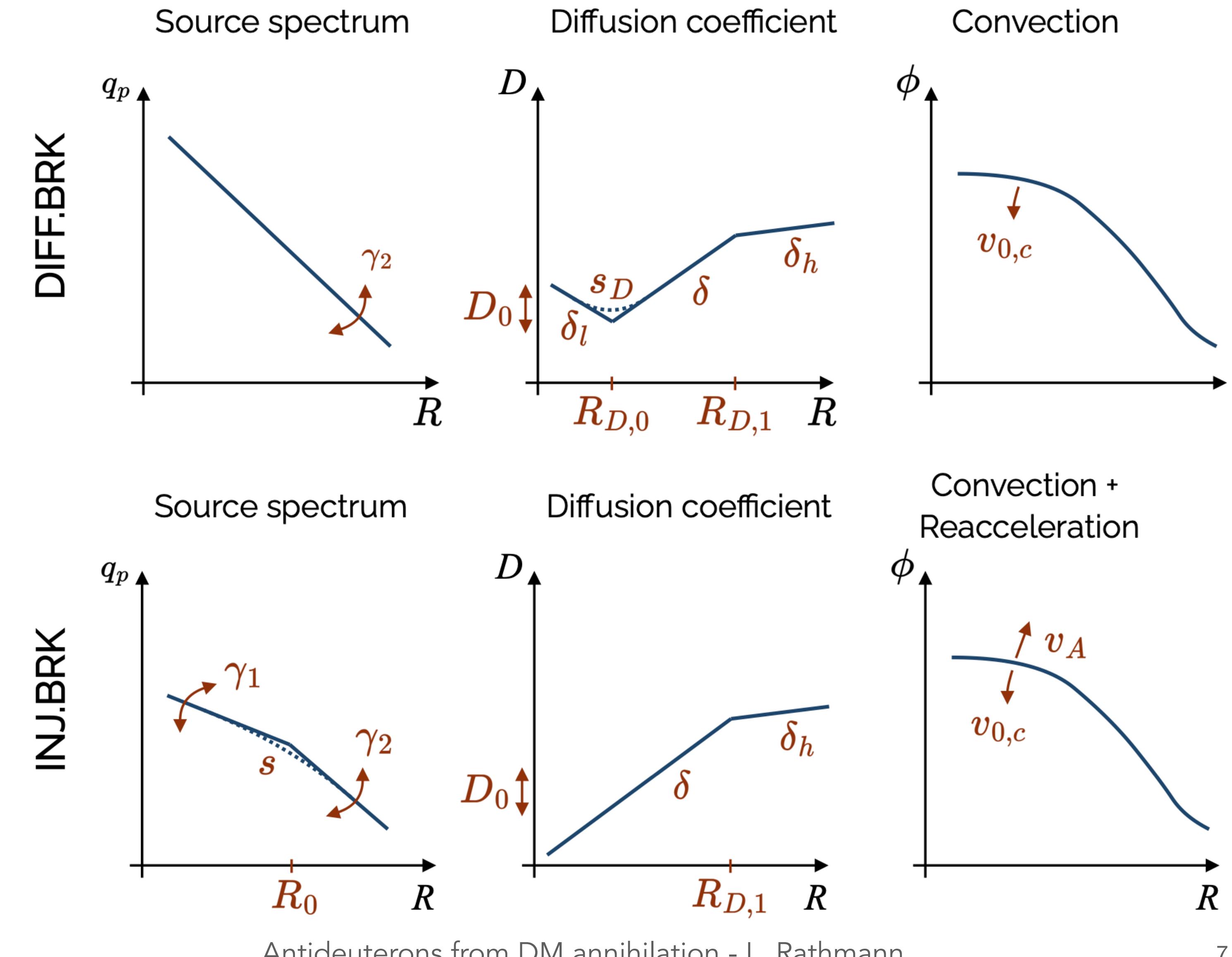


# Propagation

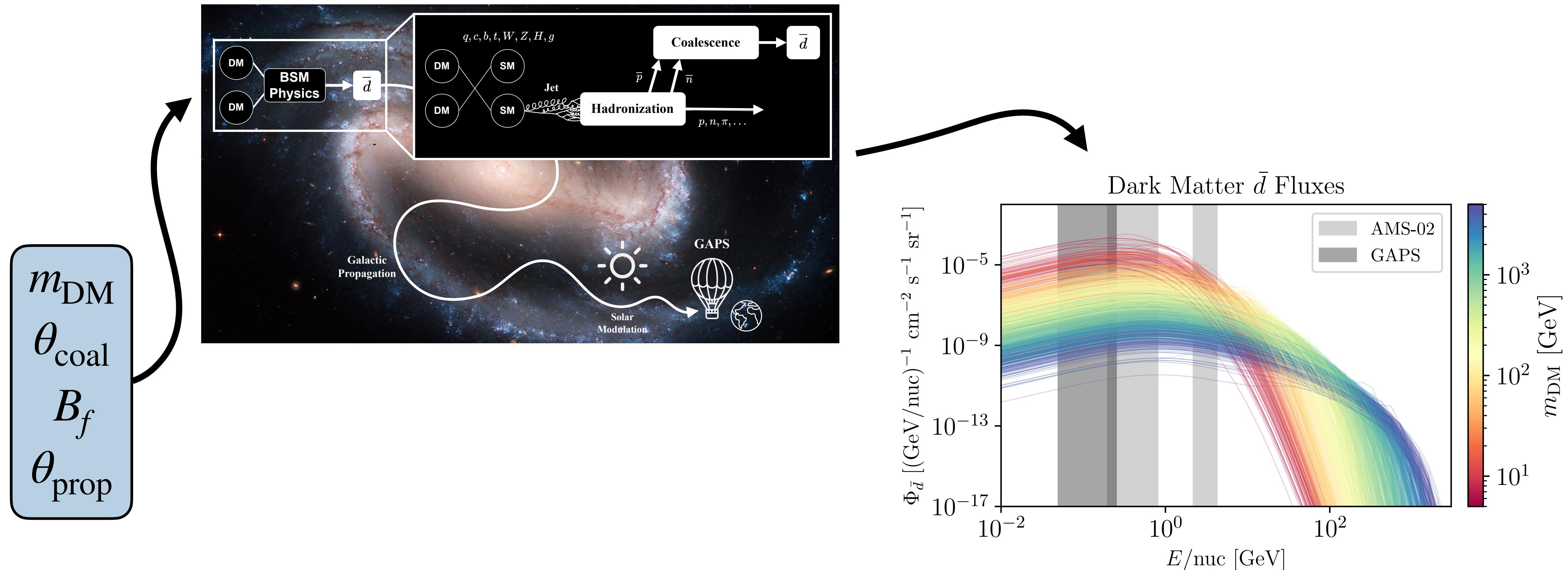


# Antideuteron Propagation

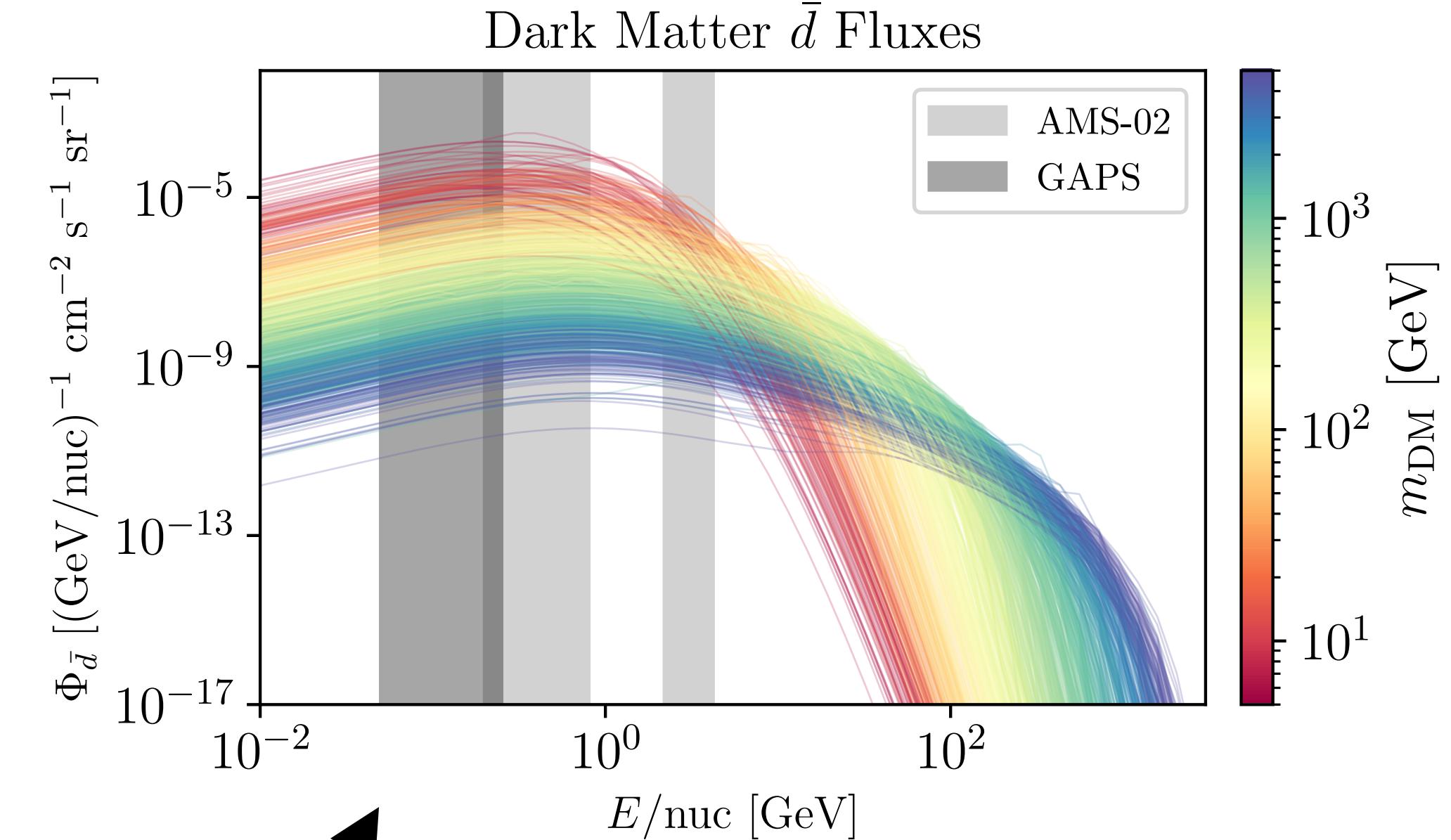
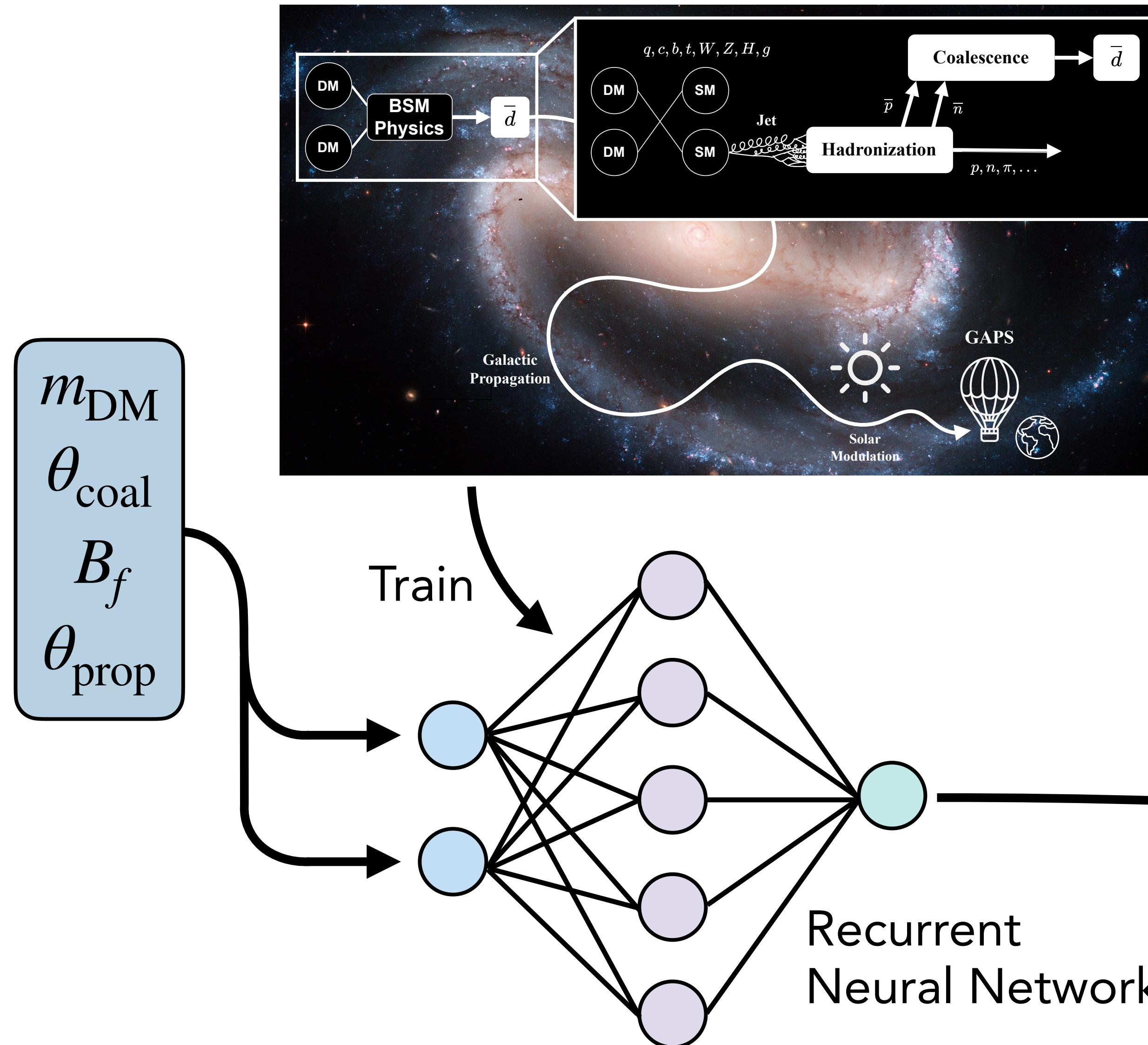
- Use **diffusion break** and **injection break** models following Korsmeier, Cuoco [2112.08381]
- Use propagation tool **GALPROP**
- Implement secondary and tertiary  $\bar{d}$  with analytic coalescence model



# Speed-up Antideuteron Simulation

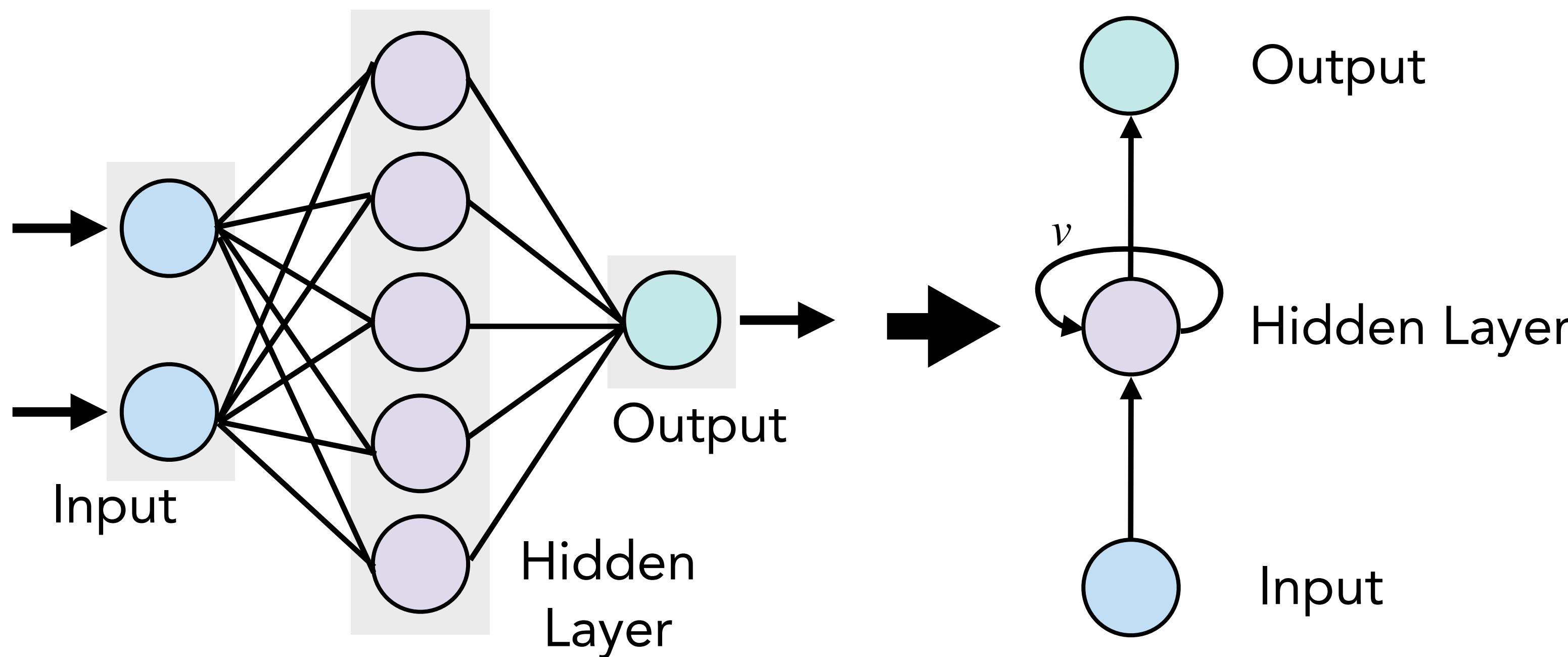


# Speed-up Antideuteron Simulation



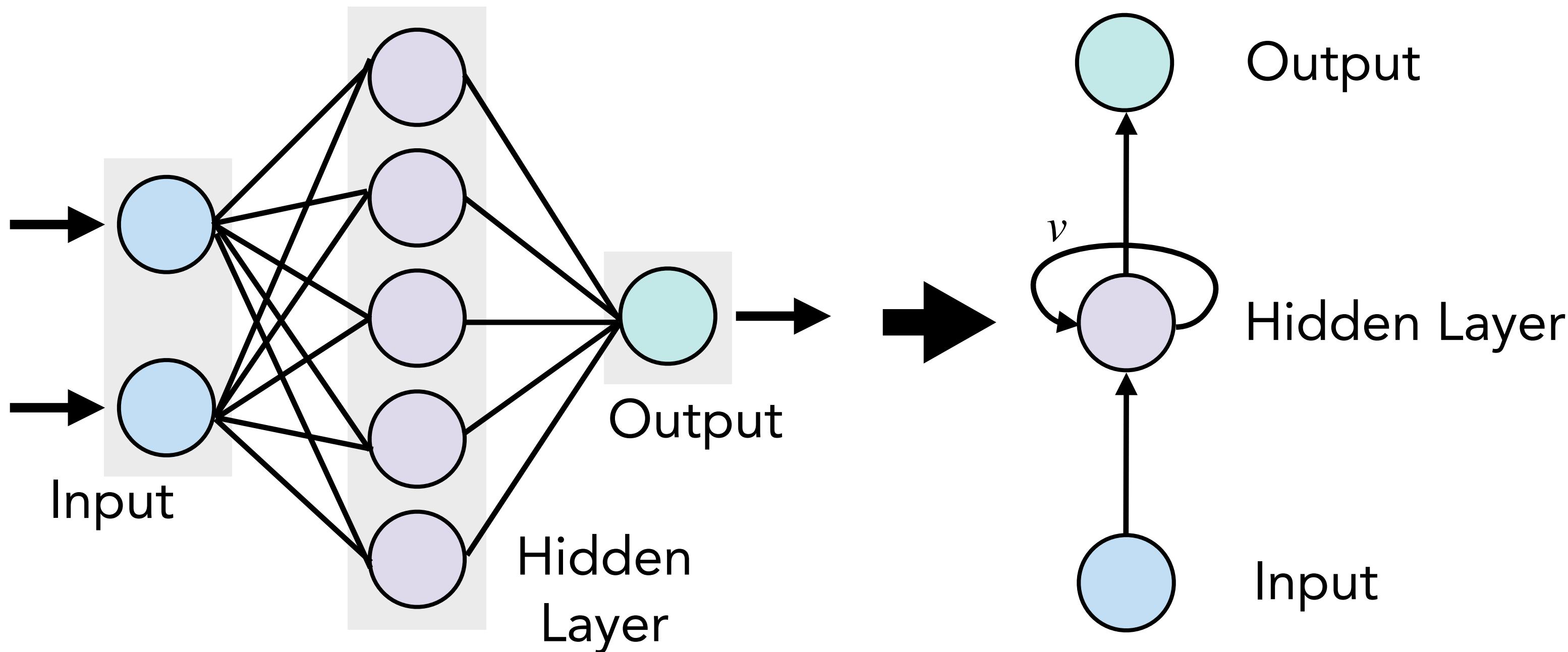
# Neural Network

- Recurrent Neural Networks (RNN) use output of particular layer as input of the same layer → can account for correlations between energy bins



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- Similar to Kahlhoefer et al. [2107.12395] and Balan et al. [2303.07362]
- Relative error of network  $\mathcal{O}(10^{-2})$



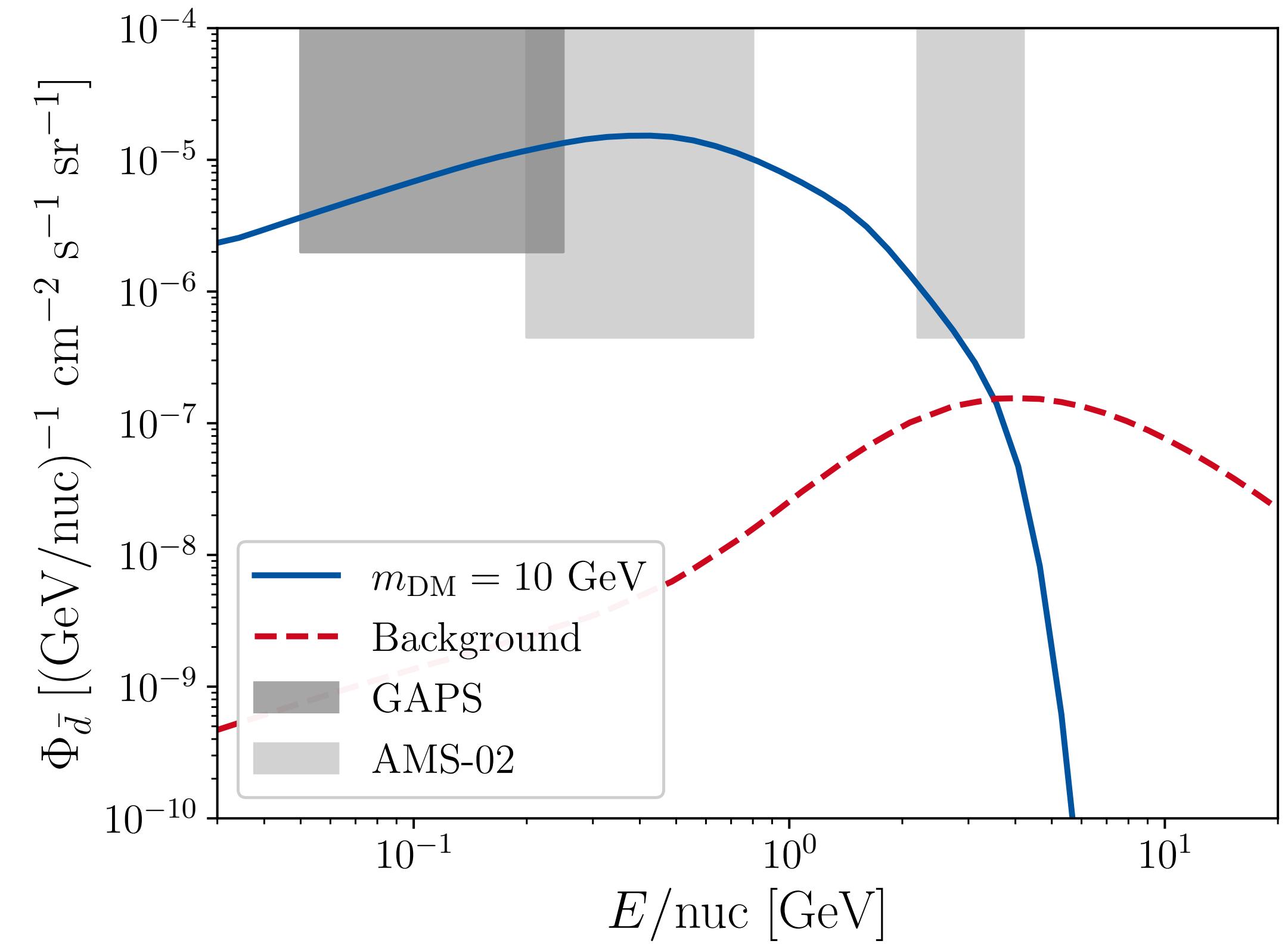
Network available in



[https://github.com/  
kathrinnp/DarkRayNet](https://github.com/kathrinnp/DarkRayNet)

# Prediction of Sensitivity Factor

- Generate fluxes for set of propagation parameters  $\{\theta_{\text{prop},i}\}$  sampled from posterior of  $p, \bar{p}$  and He fit
- Apply **force-field approximation** to account for solar modulation



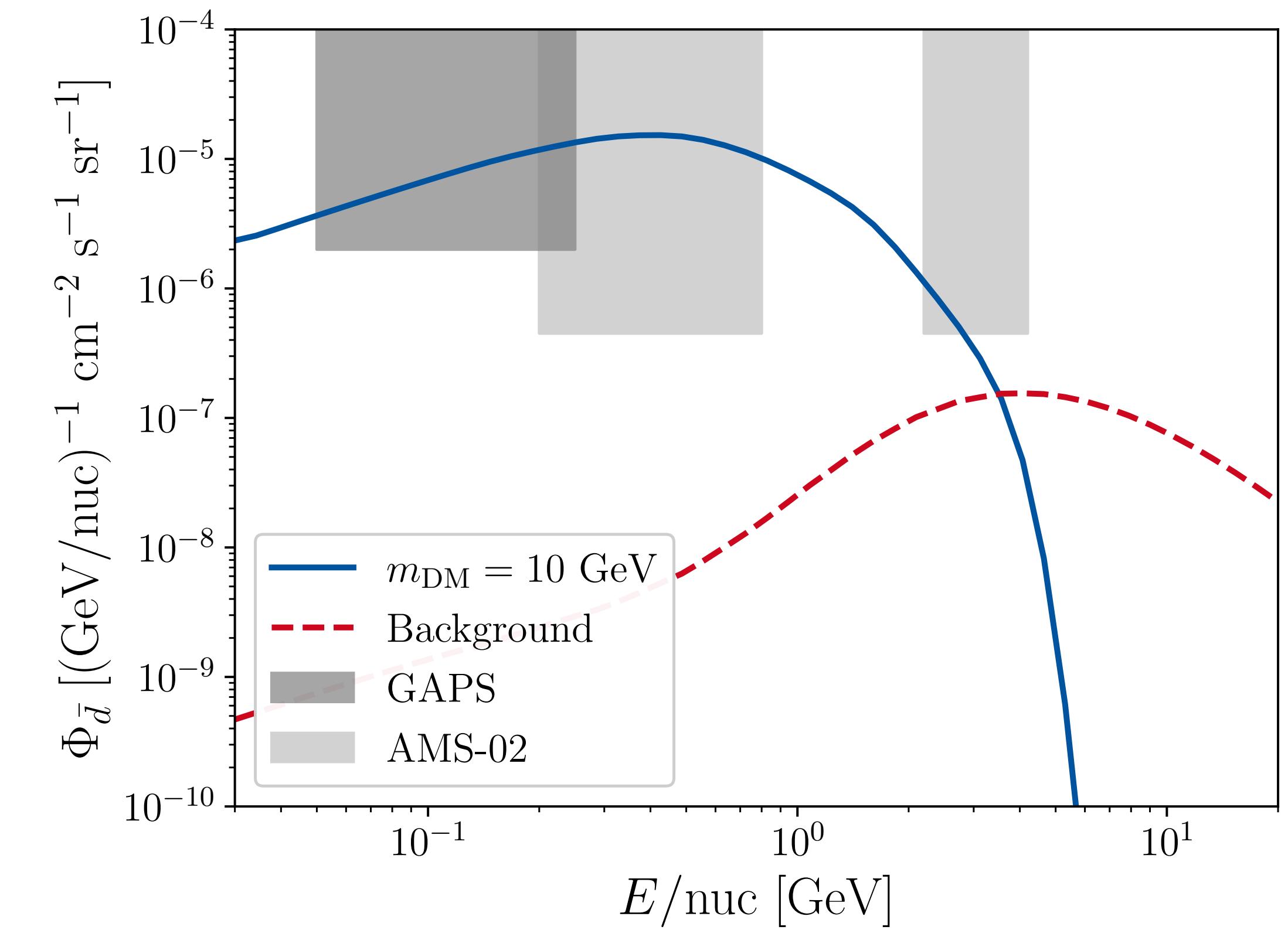
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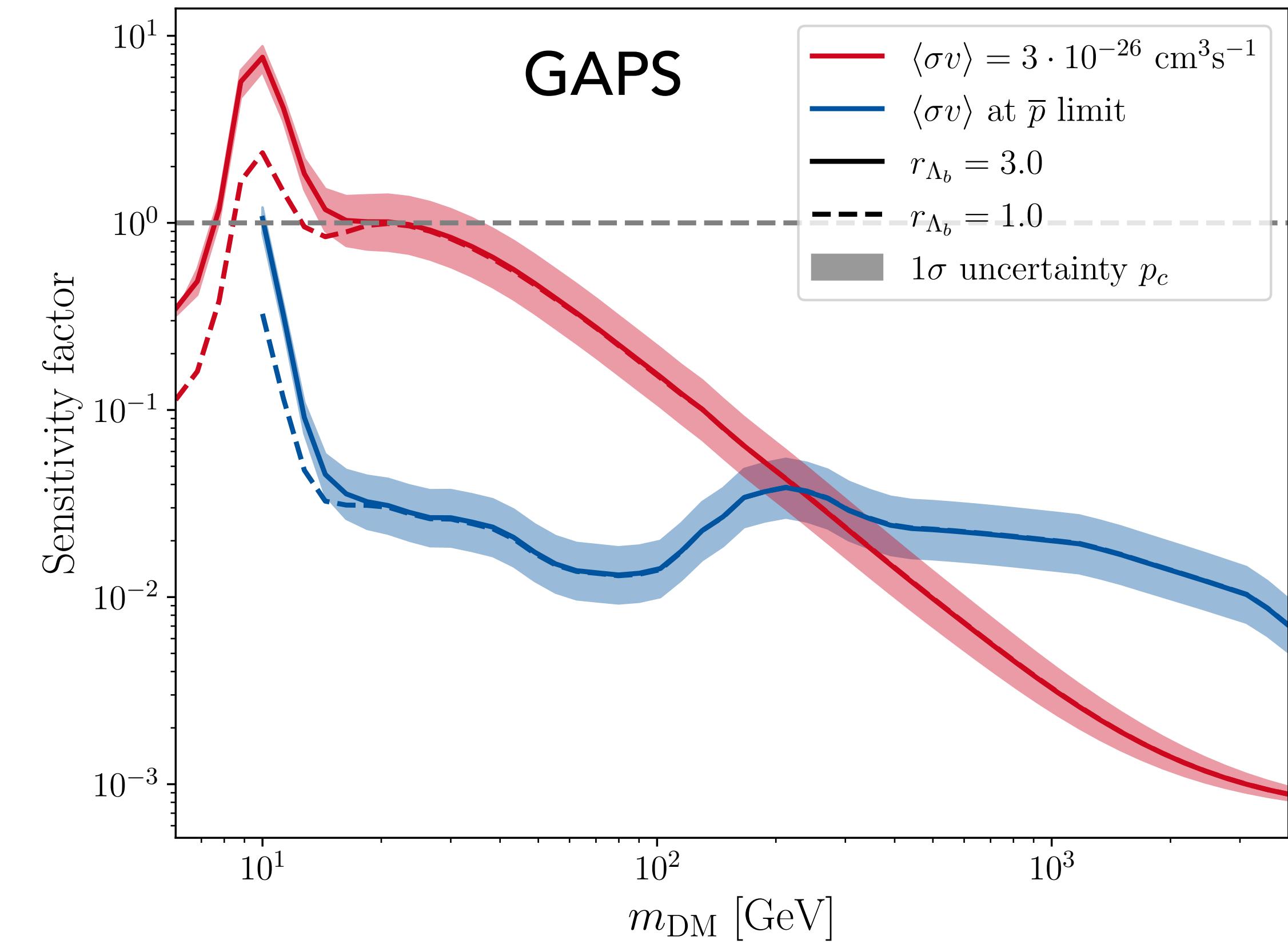
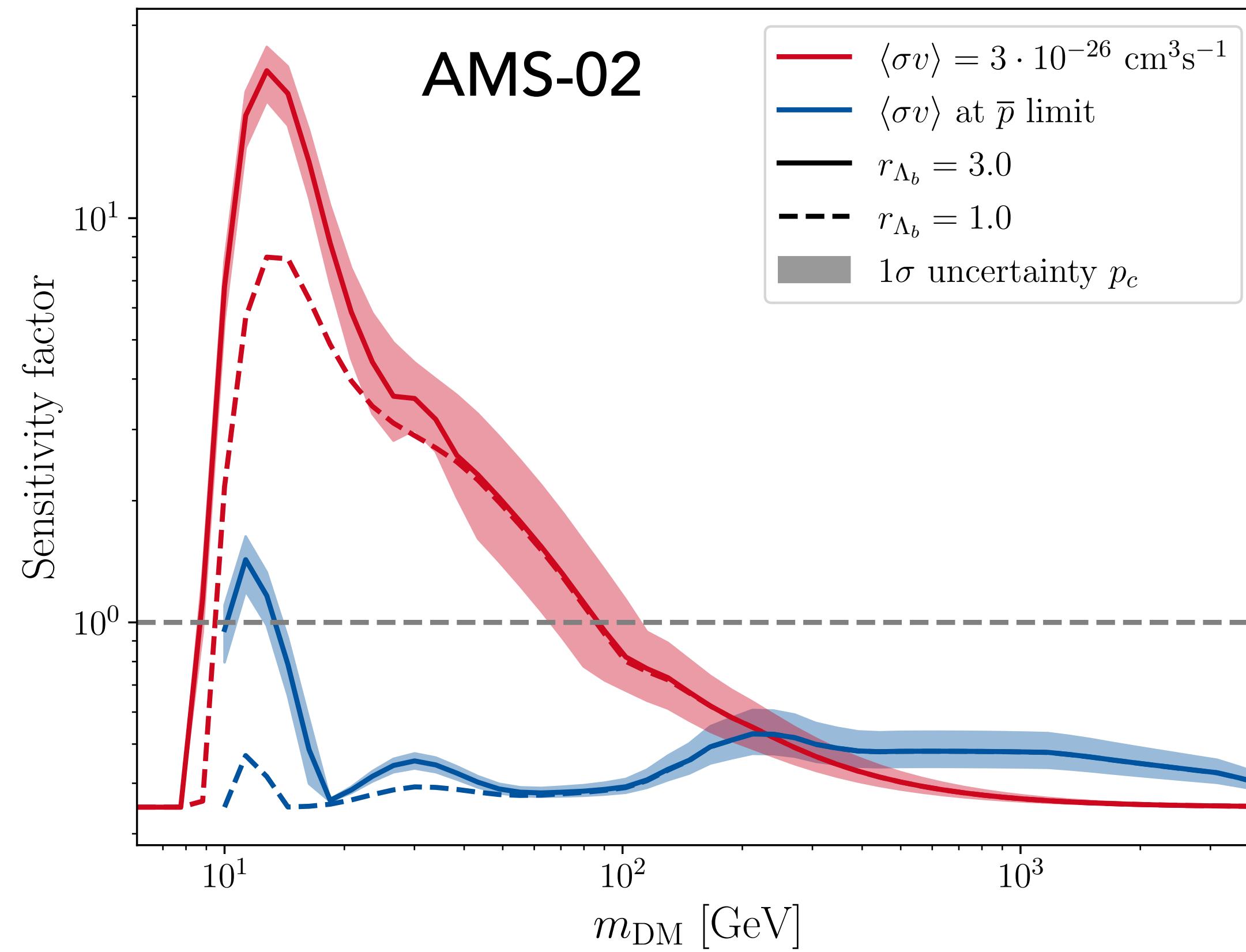
- Marginalize over  $\{\theta_{\text{prop},i}\}$ :

$$\langle \Phi_{\bar{d}} \rangle = \frac{\sum_i \Phi_{\bar{d},i} \frac{\mathcal{L}_{\text{DM}}(\theta_{\text{prop},i}, x_{\text{DM}})}{\mathcal{L}(\theta_{\text{prop},i})}}{\sum_i \frac{\mathcal{L}_{\text{DM}}(\theta_{\text{prop},i}, x_{\text{DM}})}{\mathcal{L}(\theta_{\text{prop},i})}}$$

- Calculate **sensitivity factor**:  $\frac{\langle \Phi_{\bar{d}} \rangle}{\Phi_{\text{exp.}}}$



# Sensitivity DIFF.BRK, Annihilation in $b\bar{b}$



- Assuming  $\bar{p}$  limit, sensitivity only to small DM masses
- GAPS independent test to AMS-02

$\bar{p}$  limit from Balan et al. [2303.07362]

# Conclusion

- Antideuterons are great for indirect detection because of negligible background
- Predicted **fluxes of antideuterons** on Earth for varying DM models including **uncertainties from antideuteron production**
- Calculating fluxes is slow → trained Neural Network **DARKRAYNET**, available on GitHub, can be used for arbitrary DM models
- Obtained sensitivity factor for AMS-02 and GAPS
- **AMS-02 and GAPS** only **sensitive to low DM masses** if DM annihilates into  $b\bar{b}$



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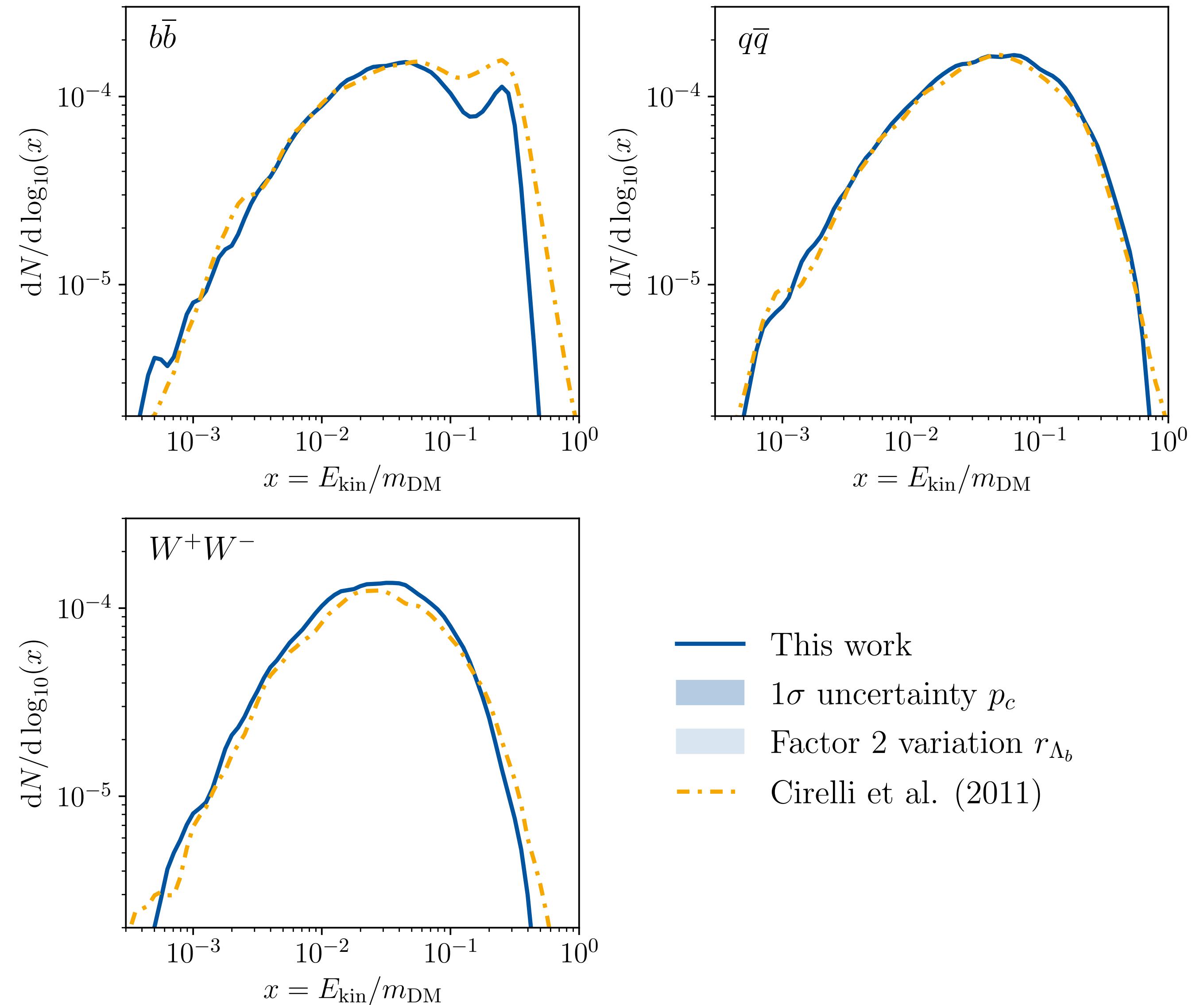
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Thank you!

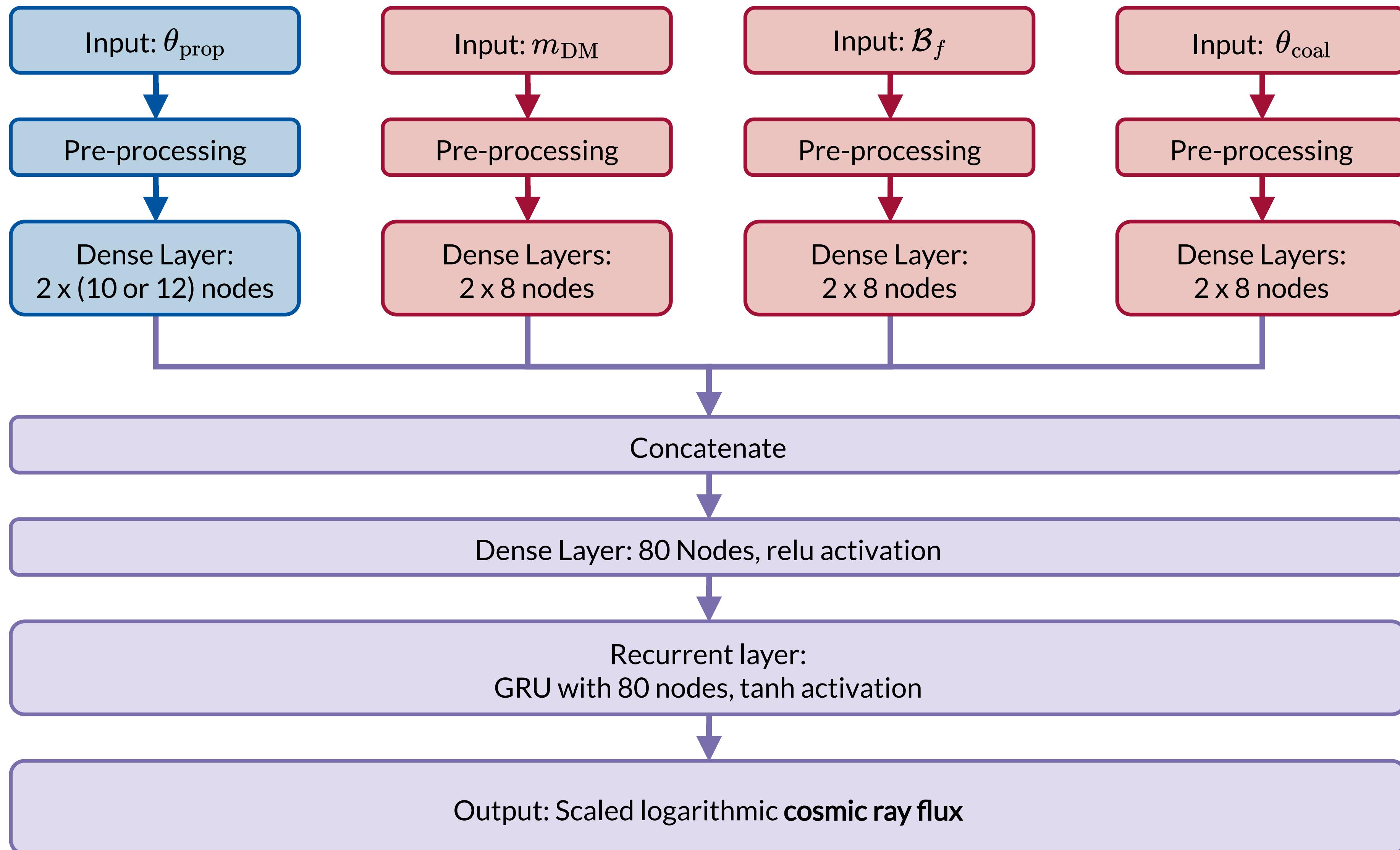
# Backup Slides

# Antideuteron Injection Spectra

- Generated spectra for  $m_{\text{DM}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$  using MADDM and PYTHIA 8.2
- Include  $\bar{d}$  produced at initial vertex and through  $\Lambda_b$  decay
- Compare to PPPC4DMID [1012.4515] (used PYTHIA 8.1)

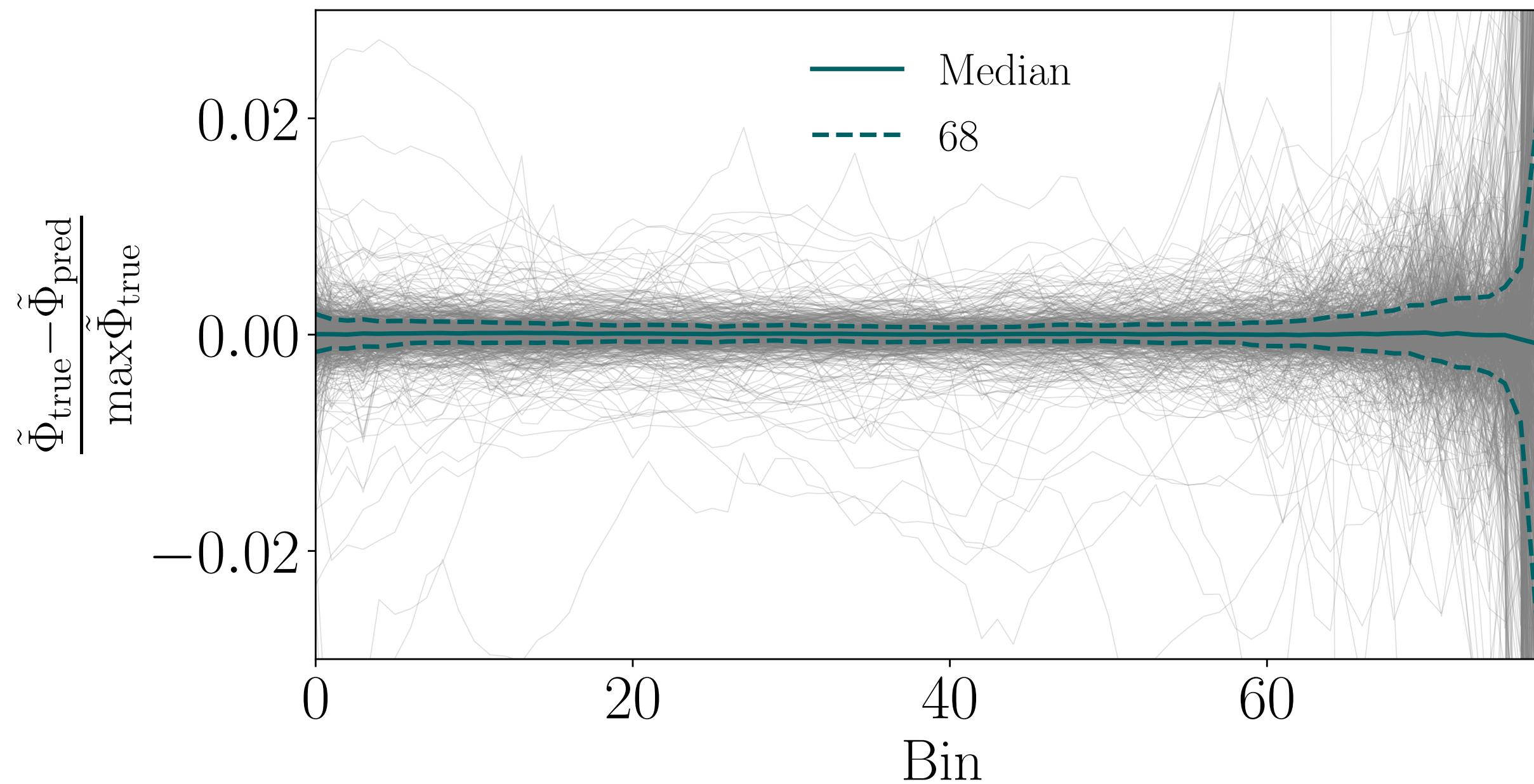


# Network Architecture

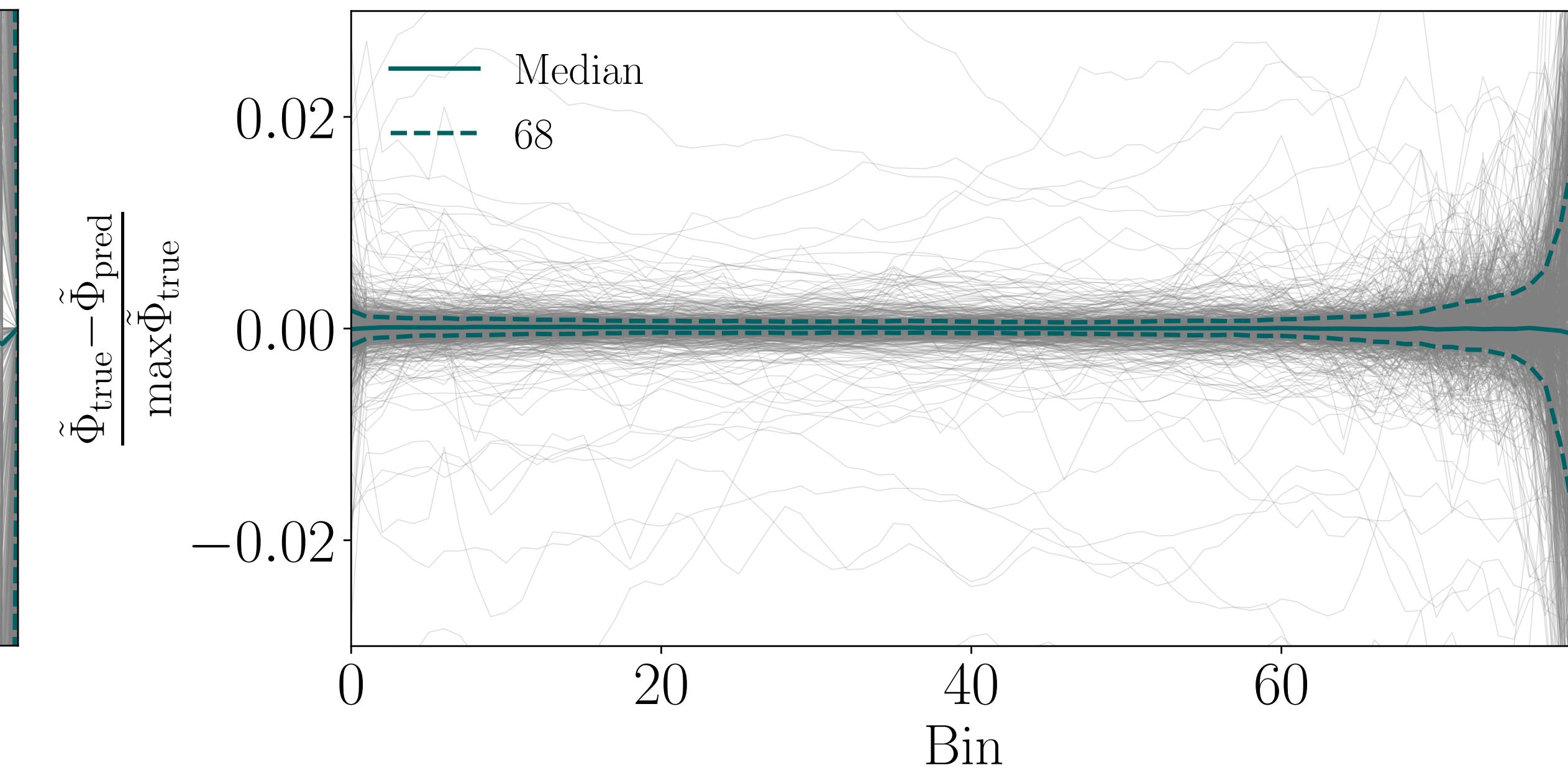


# Network Performance

DIFF.BRK model

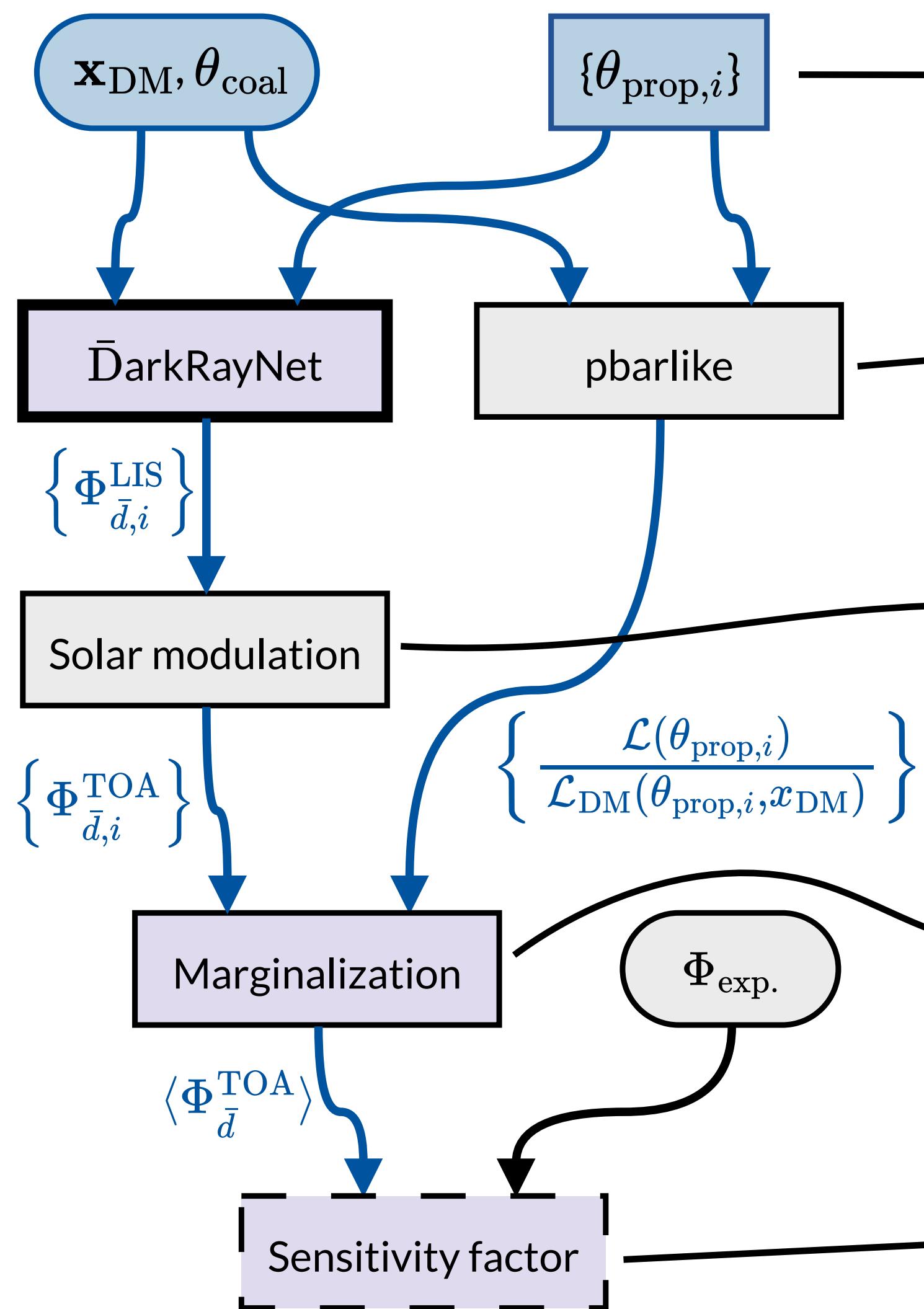


INJ.BRK model



- Relative difference of most transformed fluxes at most  $6 \times 10^{-4}$
- Translates to relative error of  $\mathcal{O}(10^{-2})$  in the actual flux

# Prediction of Sensitivity Factor



- $\{\theta_{prop,i}\}$ : posterior sample of propagation parameters from  $p, \bar{p}$  and He fit
- `pbarlike` [2303.07362]: antiproton likelihood calculator
- Solar modulation: force-field approximation, solar potential depends on experiment

$$\text{Marginalization: } \sum_i \Phi_{\bar{d},i}^{\text{TOA}} \frac{\mathcal{L}_{DM}(\theta_{prop,i}, x_{DM})}{\mathcal{L}(\theta_{prop,i})}$$

$$\text{Sensitivity factor: } \frac{\langle \Phi_{\bar{d}} \rangle}{\Phi_{\text{exp.}}}$$

# Experimental Sensitivities

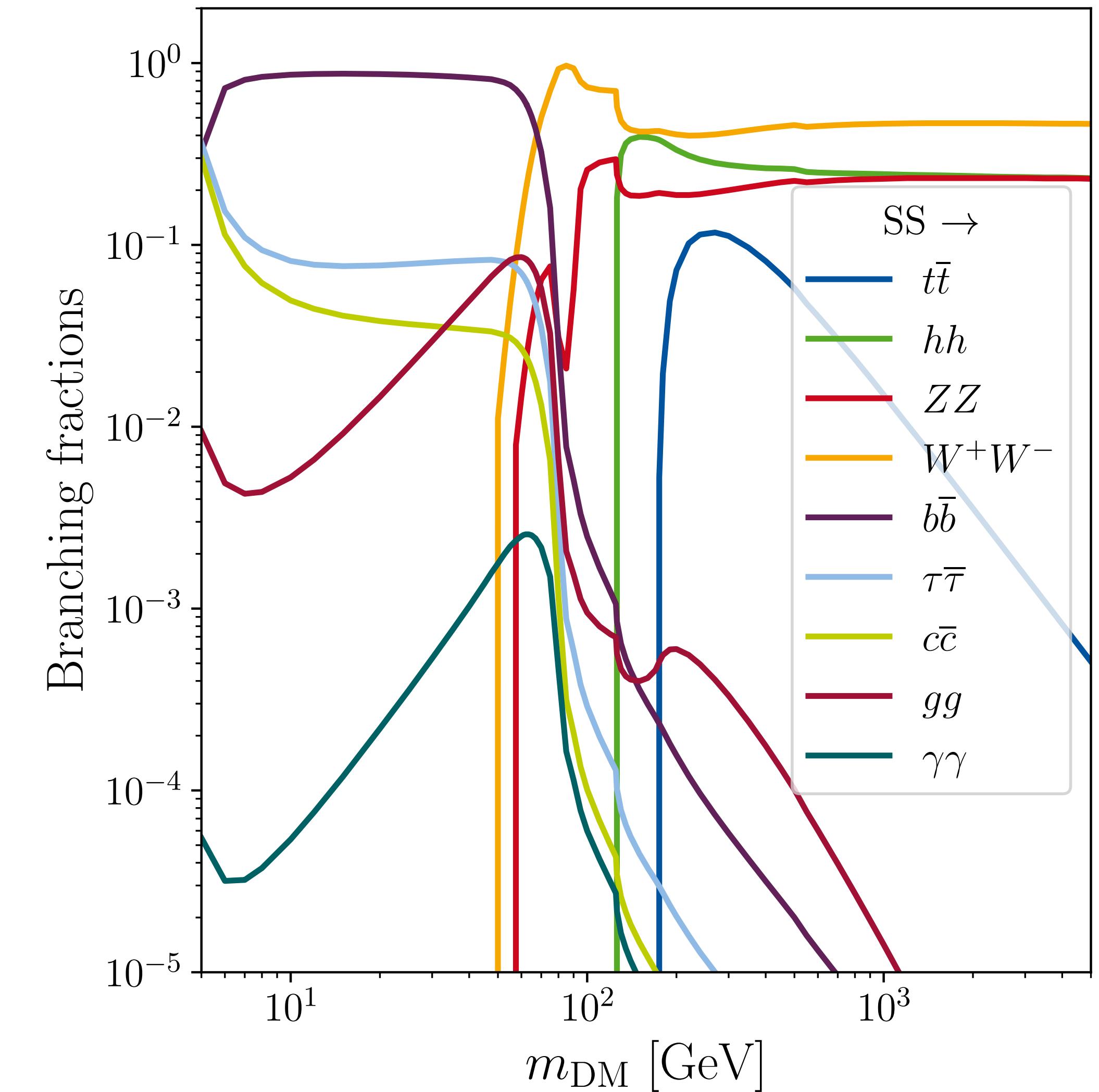
Experiment	Energy range [GeV/nuc]	$\Phi_{\text{sens}, E_{\text{exp}}}$ [cm $^{-2}$ s $^{-1}$ sr $^{-1}$ (GeV/nuc) $^{-1}$ ]
GAPS	[0.05, 0.25]	$2 \times 10^{-6}$ GAPS Collaboration [1506.02513]
AMS-02	[0.2, 0.8] and [2.2, 4.2]	$4.5 \times 10^{-7}$ Choutko, Giovacchini [ICRC 2008]

# Propagation Parameters & Priors

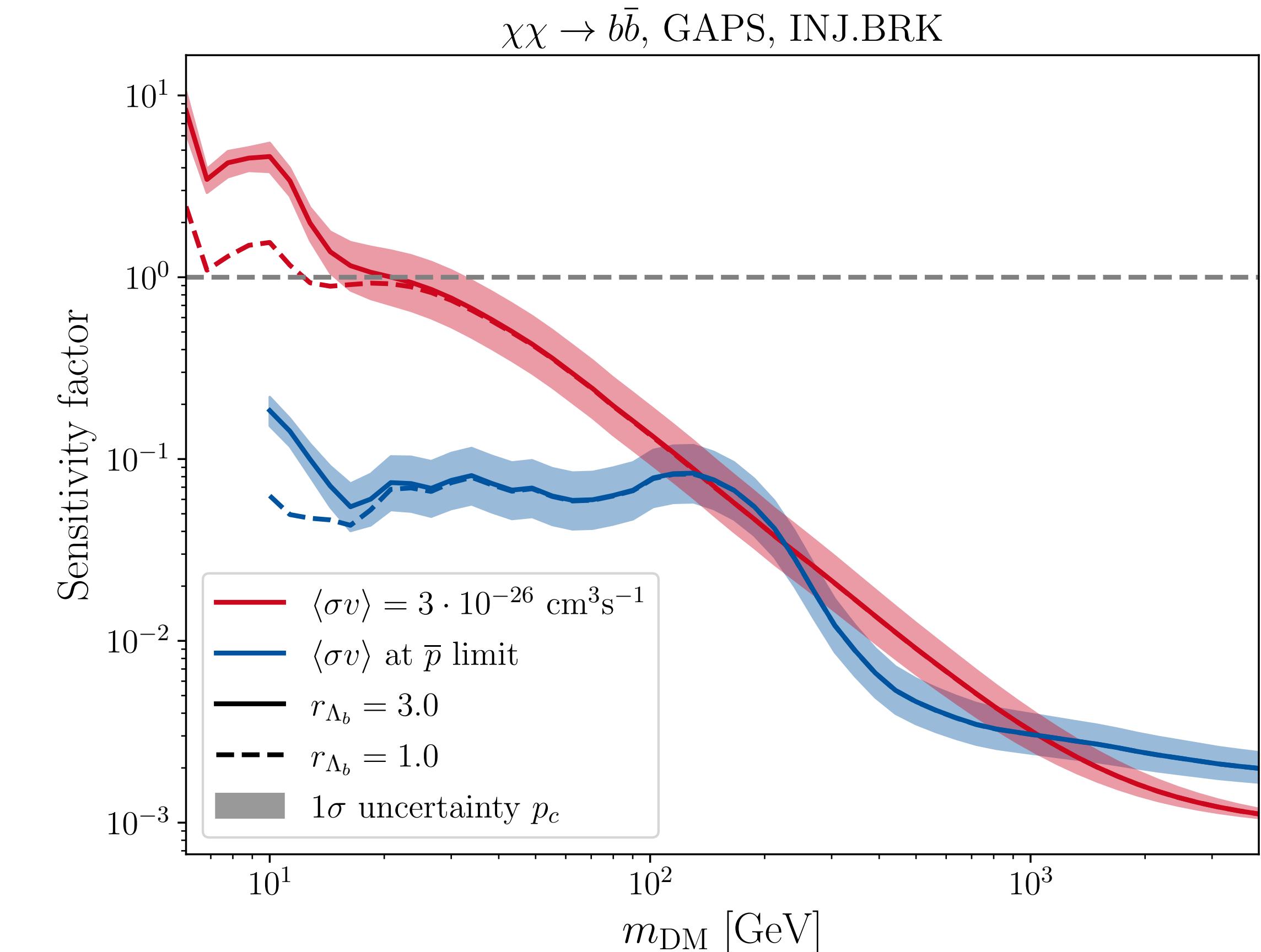
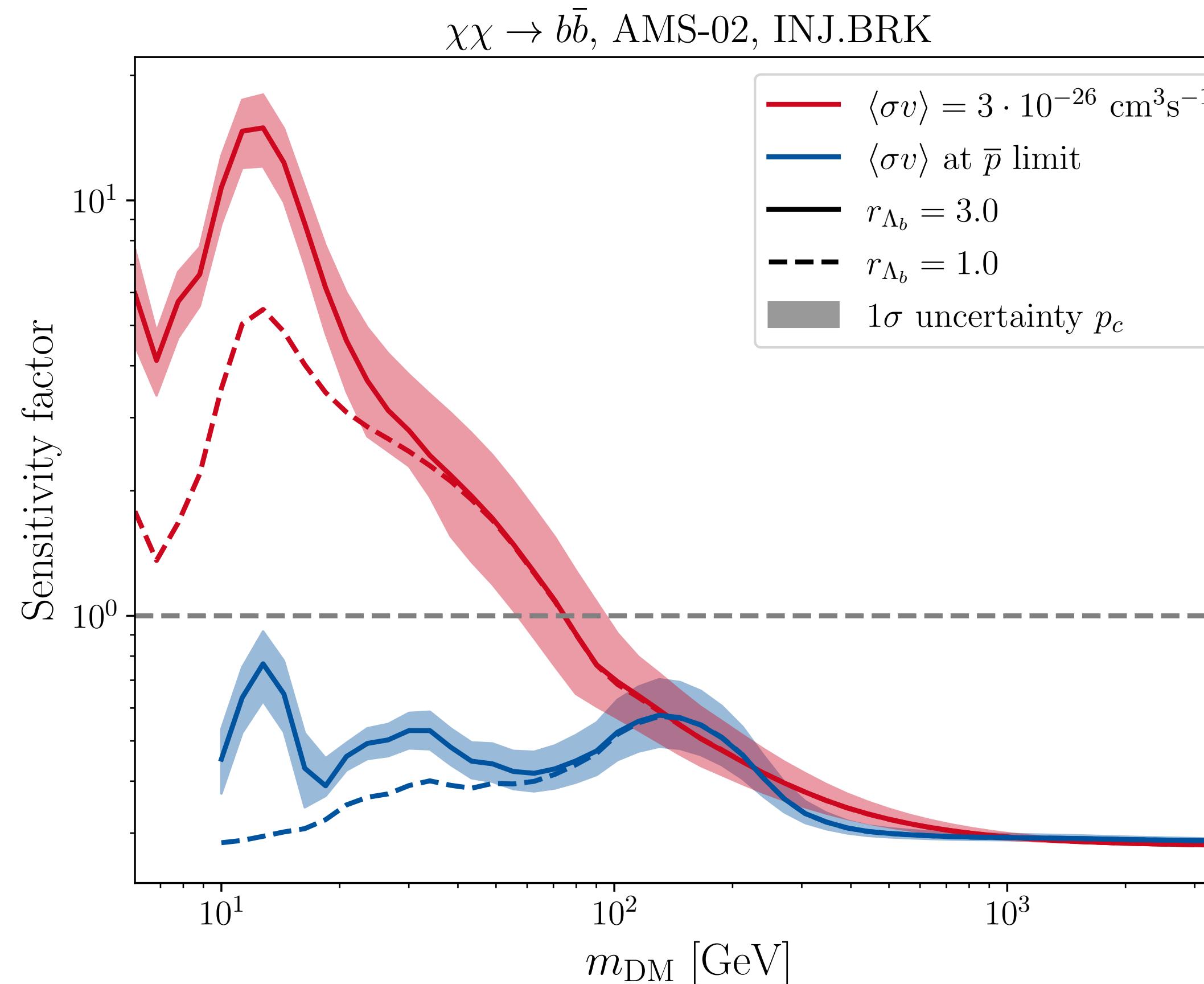
Parameters	Priors	DIFF.BRK	INJ.BRK
$\gamma_{1,p}$	1.2 – 2.1	✓	✓
$\gamma_1$	1.2 – 2.1	✓	✓
$\gamma_{2,p}$	2.1 – 2.6	✓	✓
$\gamma_2$	2.1 – 2.6	✓	✓
$R_0$ [GV]	1.0 – 20	✗	✓
$s$	0.1 – 0.7	✗	✓
$D_0$ [ $10^{28}$ cm $^2$ /s]	0.5 – 10.0	✓	✓
$\delta_l$	-1.0 – 0.5	✓	✓
$\delta$	0.3 – 0.7	✓	✓
$\delta_h - \delta$	-0.2 – 0.0	✓	✓
$R_{D,0}$ [GV]	1.0 – 20.0	✓	✗
$s_D$	0.1 – 0.9	✓	✗
$R_{D,1}$ [ $10^3$ ]	100 – 500	✓	✓
$v_A$ [km/s]	0 – 30	✗	✓
$v_{0,c}$ [km/s]	0 – 60	✓	✓

# Singlet Scalar Higgs Portal

- SM extended by gauge-singlet real scalar
- Portal coupling to Higgs fixed to explain measured relic abundance

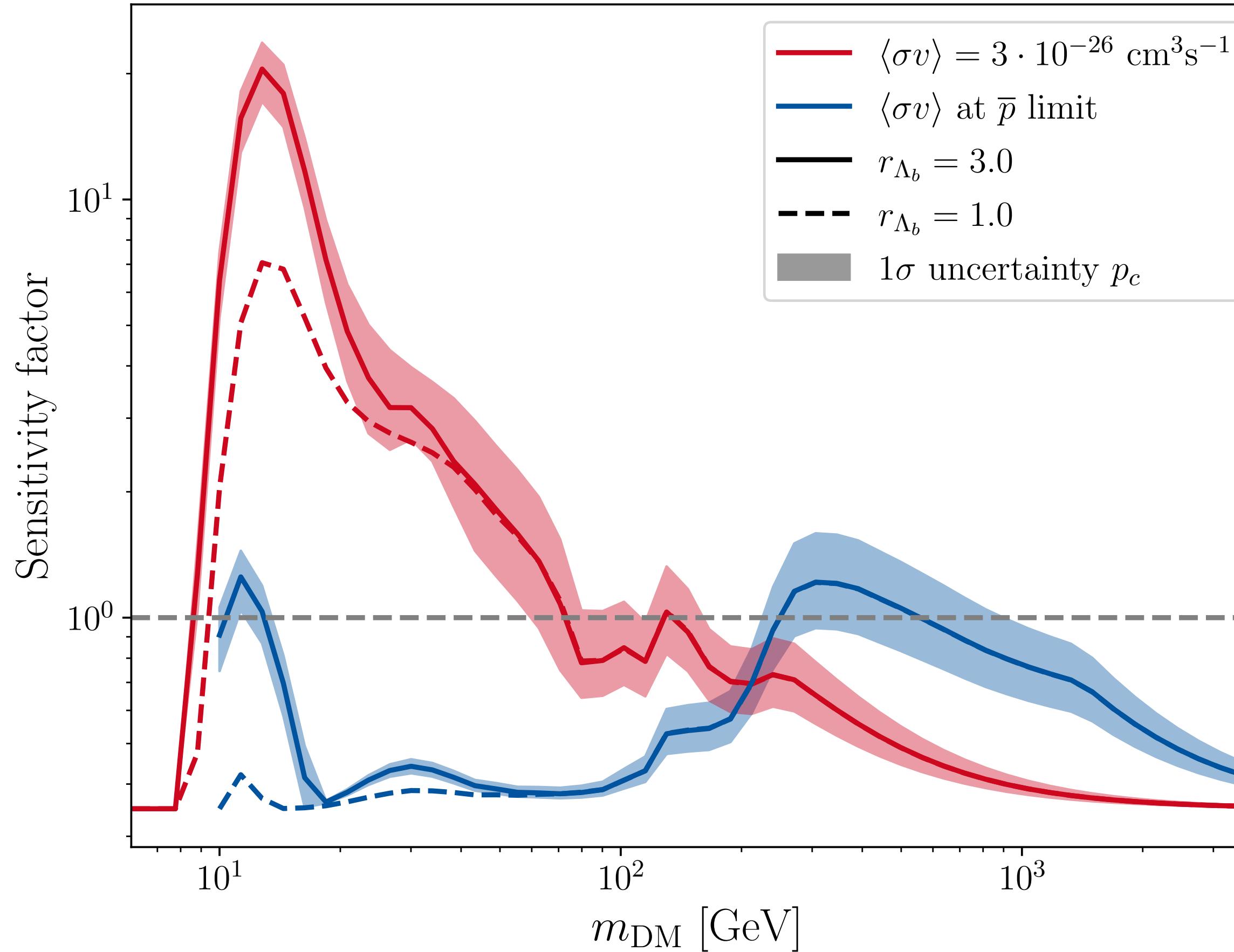


# Sensitivity INJ.BRK

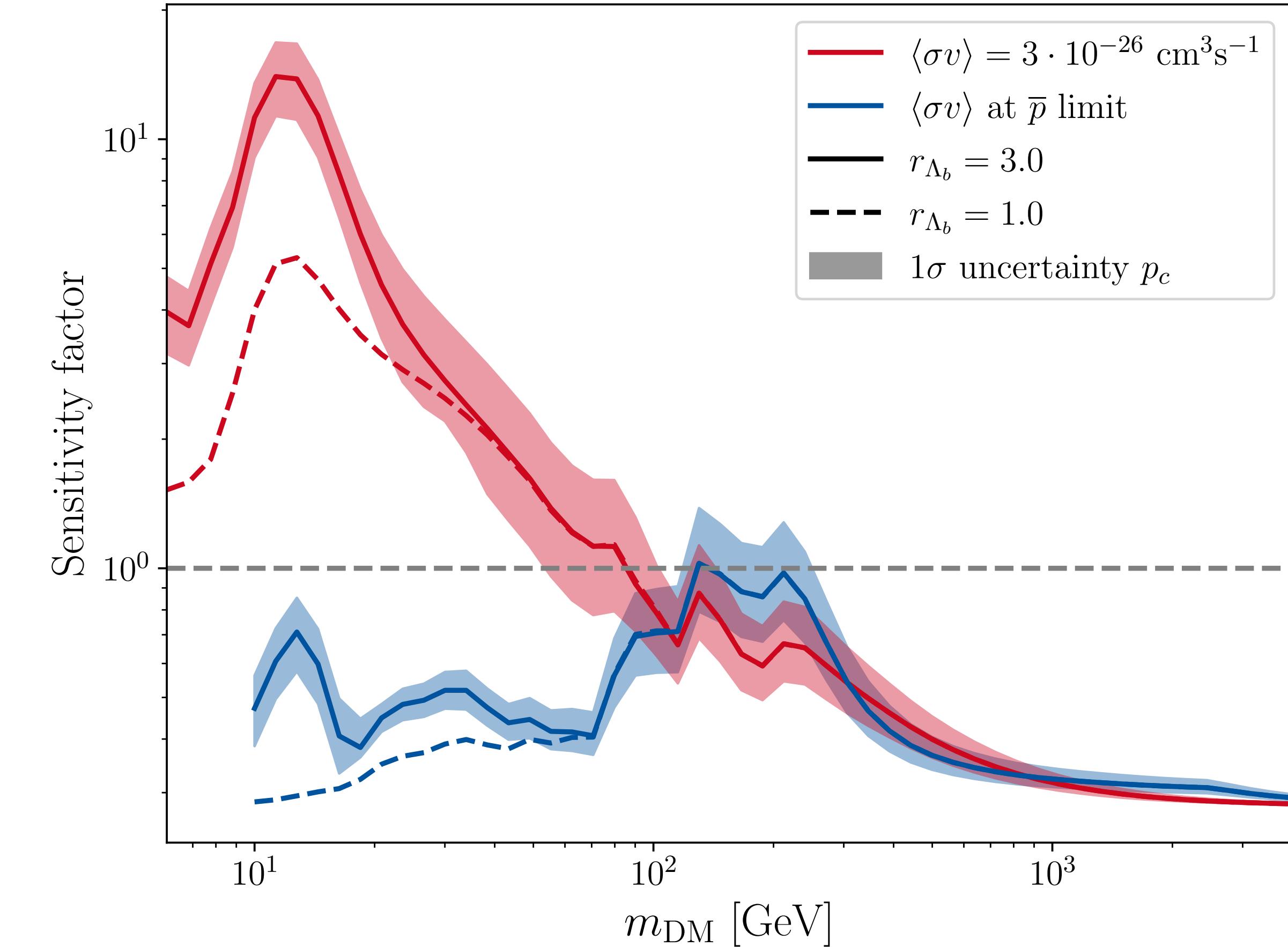


# SSHP Sensitivity AMS-02

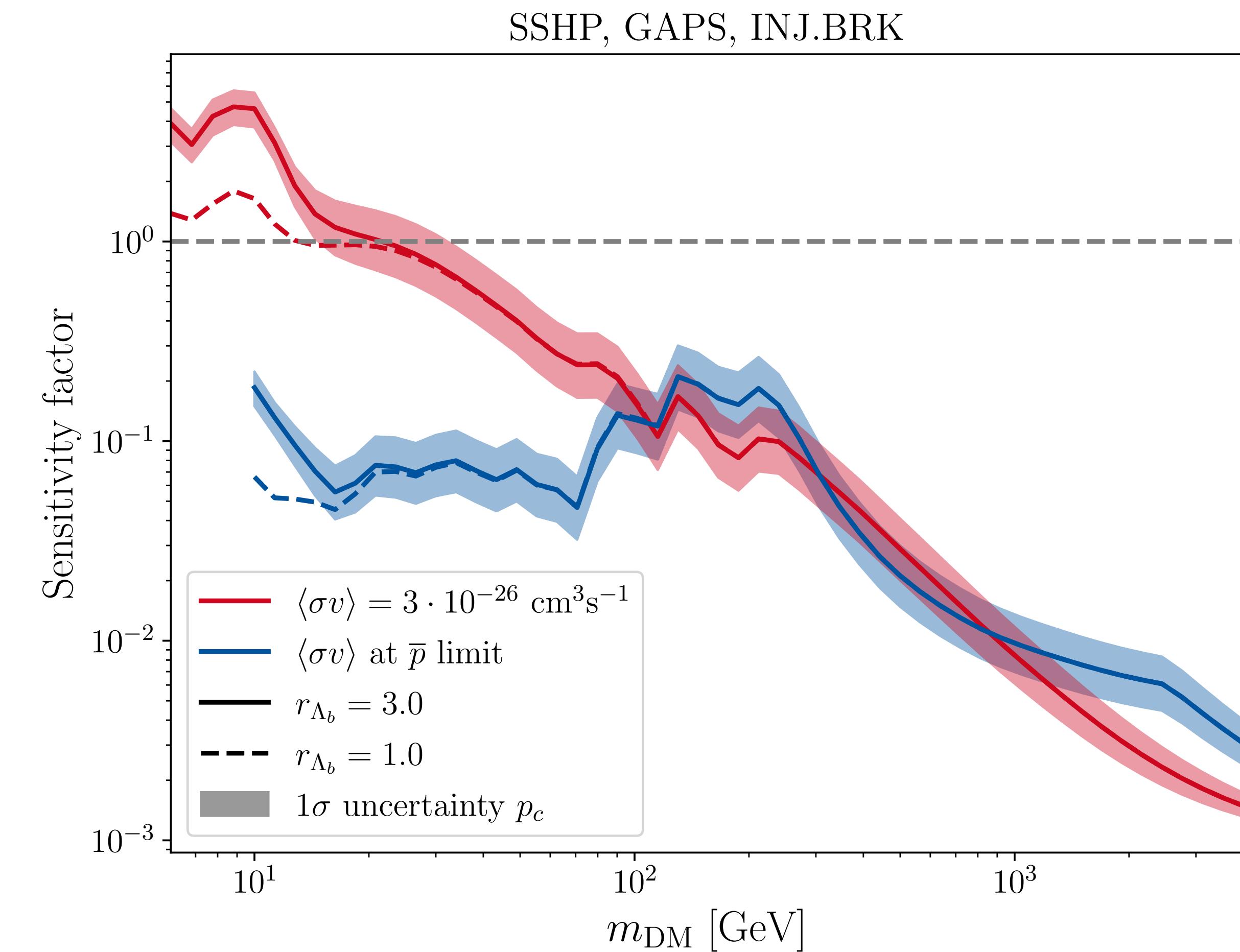
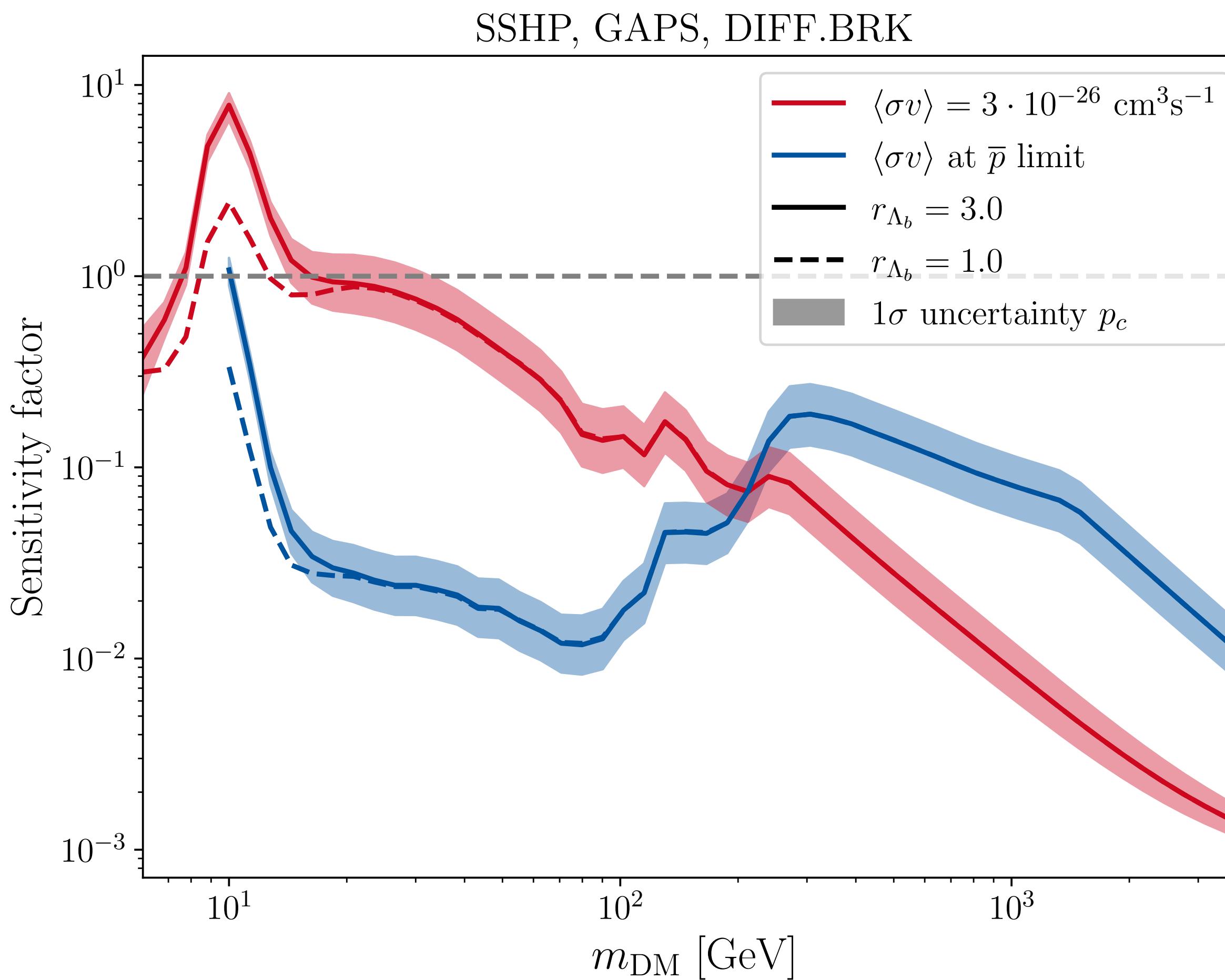
SSHP, AMS-02, DIFF.BRK



SSHP, AMS-02, INJ.BRK



# SSHP Sensitivity GAPS

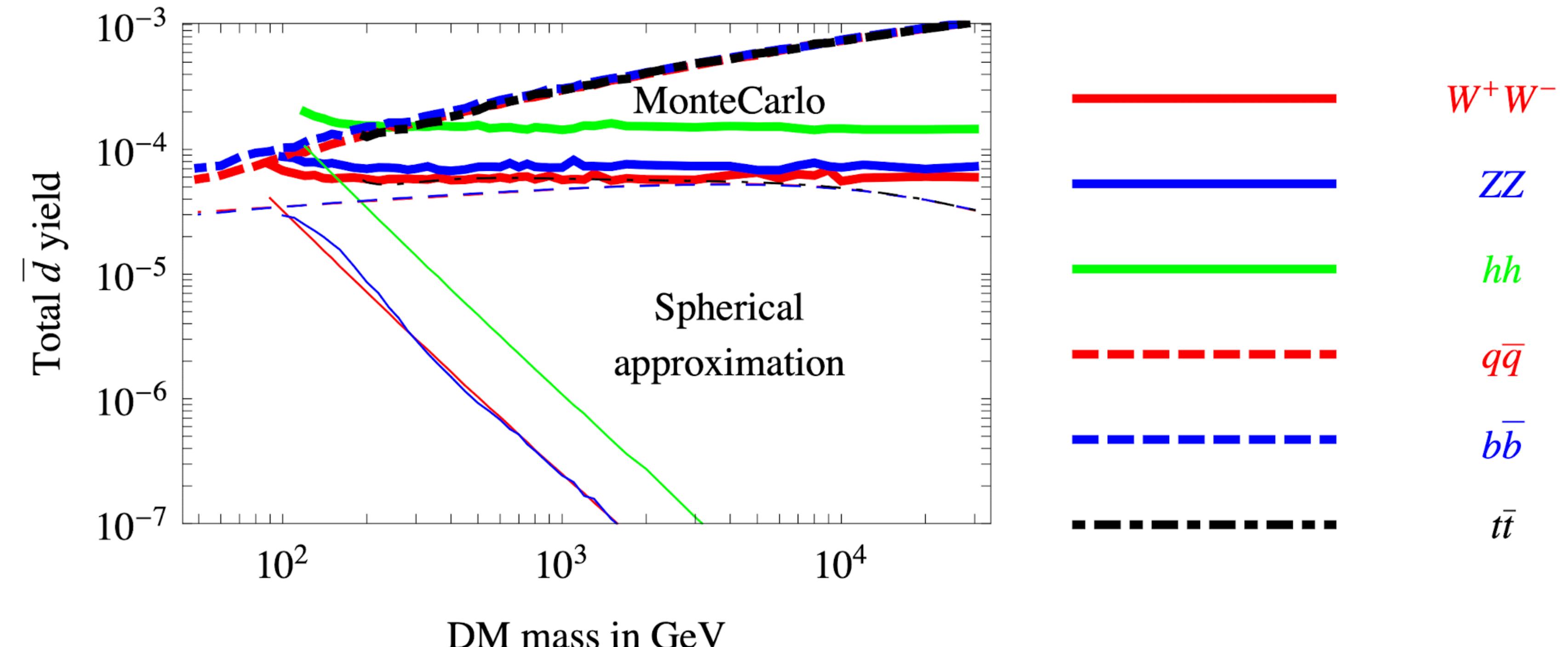


# Analytic Coalescence Model

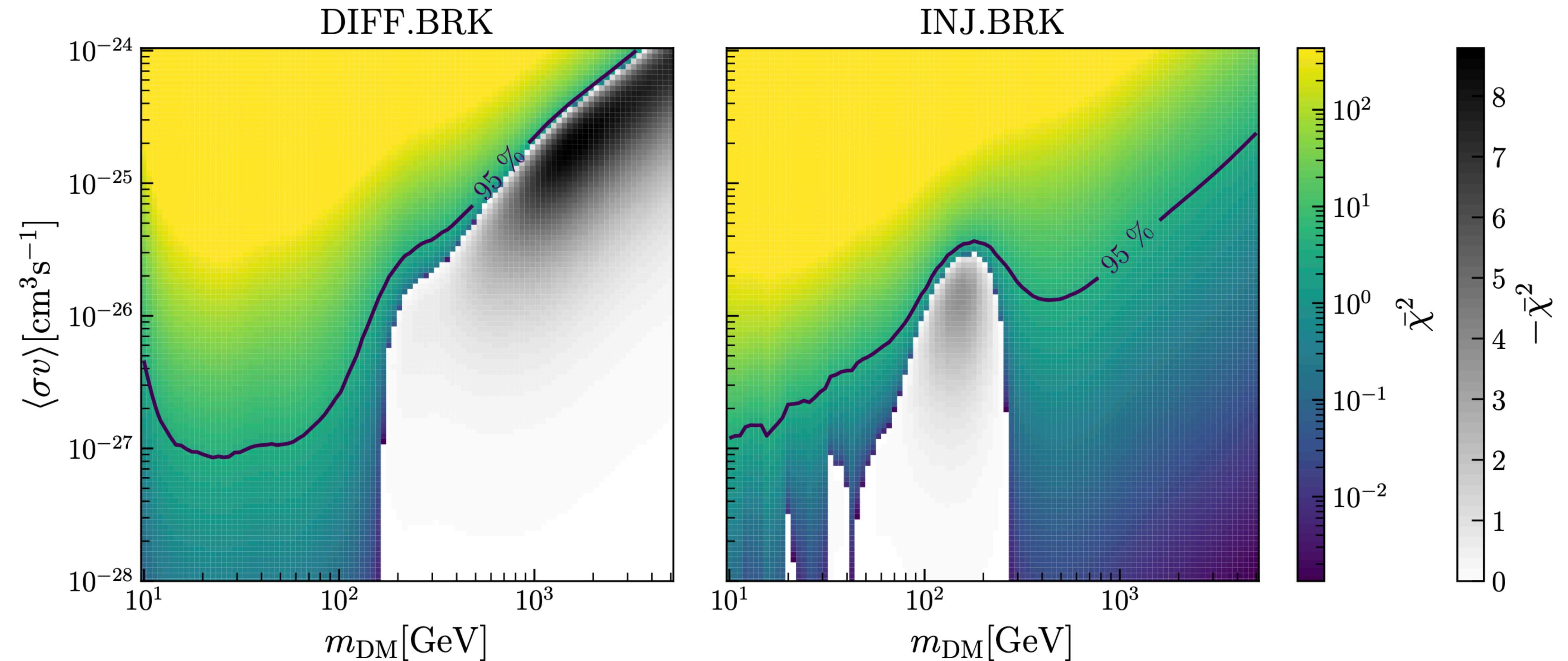
- Assume uncorrelated  $\bar{p}, \bar{n}$  distributions

$$\frac{dN_d}{dx_d} = \frac{p_0^3}{3M^2m_p} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x_d^2 + 4m_p x_d/M}} \frac{dN_p}{dx_p} \frac{dN_n}{dx_n}$$

Kadastik+ [0908.1578]



# $\bar{p}$ Limit



Limits for DM annihilation into  $b\bar{b}$ , from Balan et al. [2303.07362]