



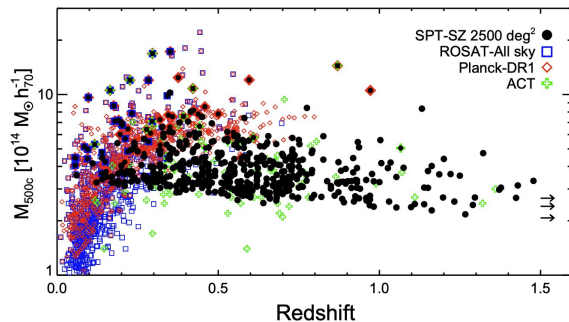
Sunyaev-Zel'dovich Cluster Pressure Profiles Measured using SPT-SZ and Planck Survey Data

mmUniverse 2025

Matthew Young, Lindsey Bleem, SPT Collaboration

SZ-derived pressure profiles

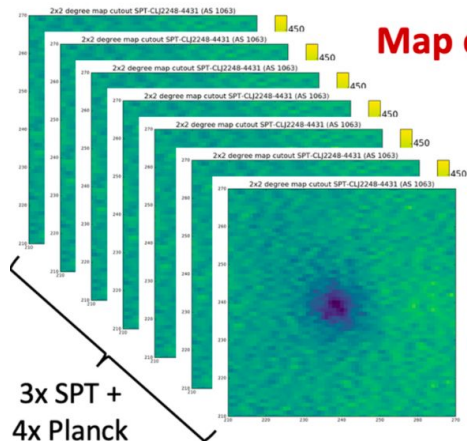
- Pipeline development for constraining cluster pressure profiles from multi-frequency CMB maps
- SZ cluster catalogues are mass-limited, large mass/redshift parameter space
 - SPT-SZ cluster catalogue
 - $N=516$
 - $2.5 \times 10^{14} M_{\odot} < M_{500} < 15.7 \times 10^{14} M_{\odot}$
 - $z \lesssim 1.7$
- Subsample populations derived from Chandra X-ray observations
 - Cool-Core / Non-cool Core (McDonald+13)
 - Relaxed /Disturbed (Nurgaliev+13)
- Fit for profile mass/redshift trends



Bleem+ 2015
2310.00059

Subsample	z Range	α Range	A_{phot} Range	N_{cluster}	$\langle z \rangle$	$\langle M_{500} \rangle^{\dagger}$
X-ray observed subsets						
Low- z	$z < 0.6$	...	...	40	0.46	5.5 ± 0.3
Low- z , CC	$z < 0.6$	$\alpha > 0.39$	...	19	0.48	5.3 ± 0.5
Low- z , NCC	$z < 0.6$	$\alpha < 0.39$	...	21	0.45	5.7 ± 0.4
High- z	$z > 0.6$	...	...	40	0.82	4.2 ± 0.2
High- z , CC	$z > 0.6$	$\alpha > 0.39$	...	20	0.80	3.9 ± 0.3
High- z , NCC	$z > 0.6$	$\alpha < 0.39$	...	20	0.84	4.4 ± 0.3
Relaxed	...	...	$A_{\text{phot}} < 0.1$	31	0.66	5.9
Disturbed	...	...	$A_{\text{phot}} > 0.5$	19	0.62	6.5
Full SPT-SZ sample ($z > 0.25$)						
All	...	...	...	454	0.63	4.5
Low- z	$z < 0.6$	...	...	238	0.44	4.9
High- z	$z > 0.6$	...	...	216	0.84	4.1

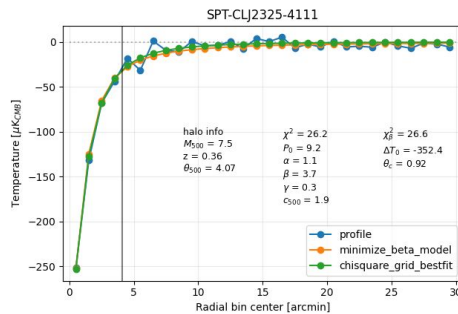
Pipeline overview



Map cutouts

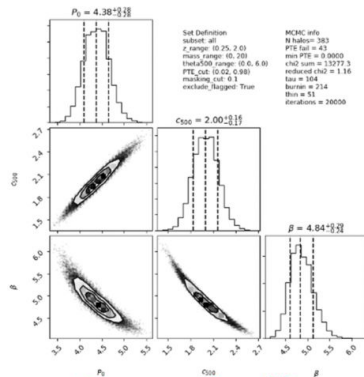
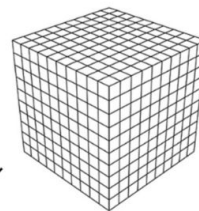
$$T = (\tilde{B}^T \tilde{W} \tilde{B})^{-1} \tilde{B}^T \tilde{W} \tilde{M}$$

Temperature Profile



GNFW lookup table

$$P/P_{500} = P_0 (c_{500} x)^{-\gamma} [1 + (c_{500} x)^\alpha]^{-(\beta-\gamma)/\alpha}$$

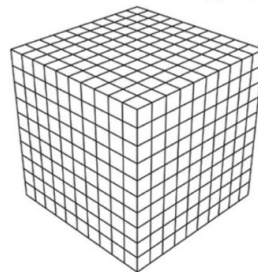


Parameter fits

MCMC grid set

χ^2 grid

$(P_0, c_{500}, \alpha, \beta)$



Computing temperature profiles

Multi-band *Plagge et al.*

m: # fourier modes (n x n pixel map)

b: # ring bins

f: # bands

observed map: $M = \begin{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \\ \vdots \\ \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \end{bmatrix}$

Dimensions: $f \times m$

annular basis
xfer func: $B = \begin{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \\ \vdots \\ \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \end{bmatrix}$

Dimensions: $f \times m$

map covariance: $C = \begin{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} & 0 \\ \vdots & \ddots \\ \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

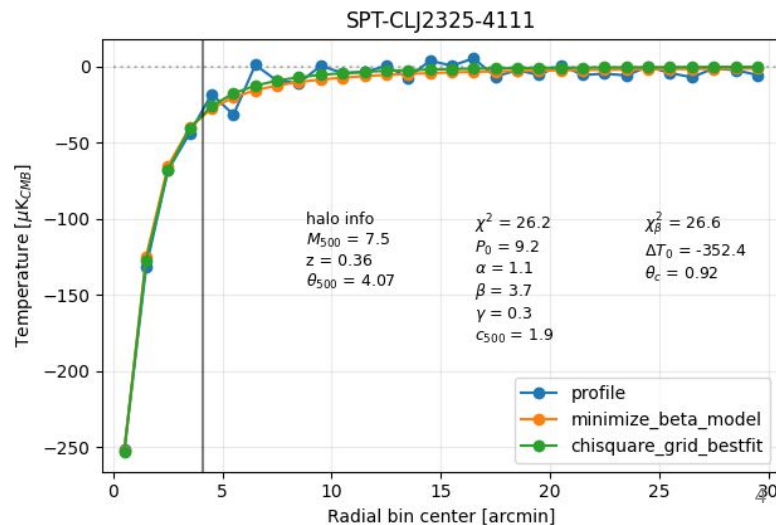
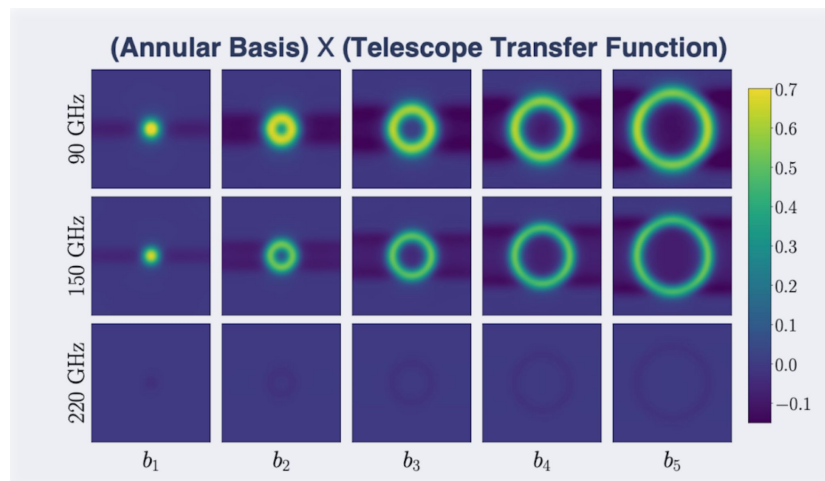
Dimensions: $m \times m$

temperature profile: $T = \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$

Dimensions: b

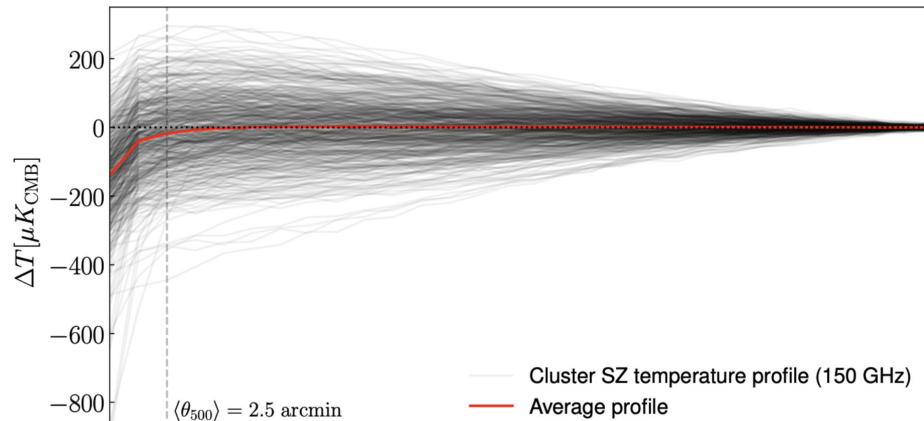
Least-square solution (to $M=BT$)

$$T = (B^T W B)^{-1} B^T W M$$

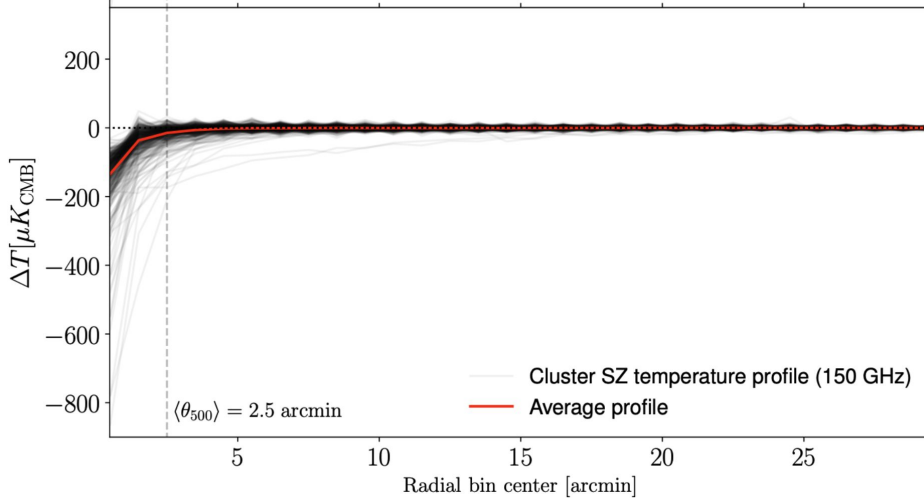


Temperature profiles (+ map covariances)

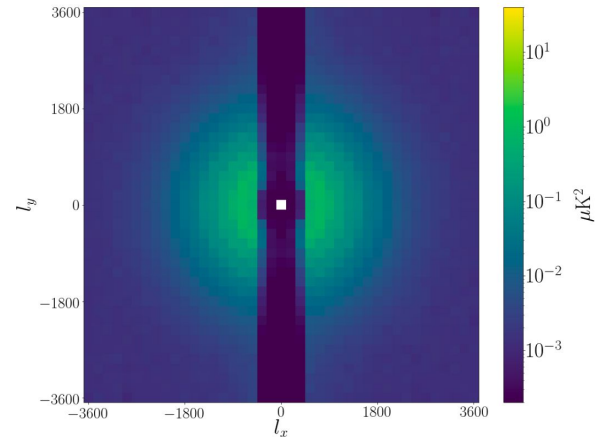
SPT-SZ



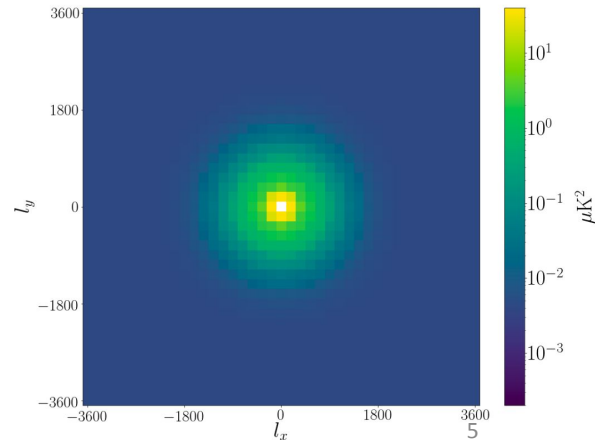
SPT-SZ
+ Planck



SPT-SZ



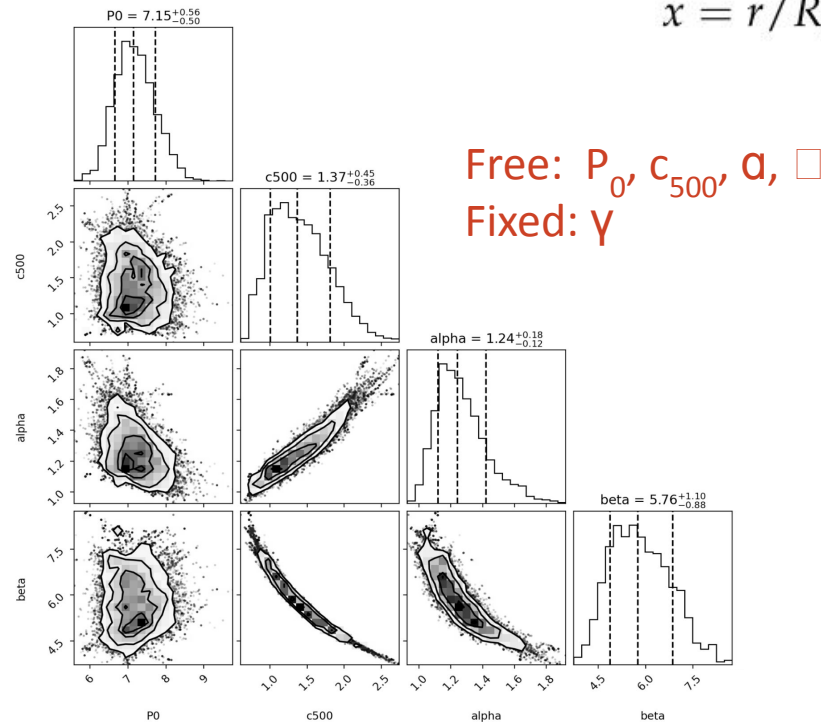
Planck



GNFW pressure model fitting

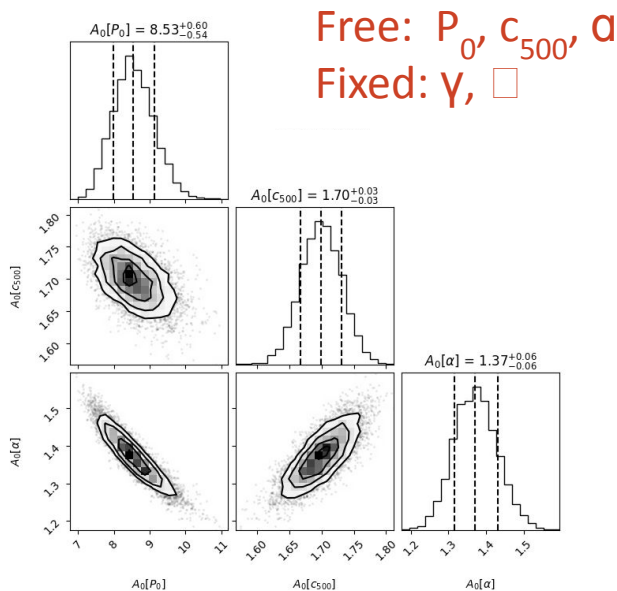
$$\frac{P}{P_{500}} \frac{1}{f(M)} = \frac{P_0}{(c_{500}x)^\gamma [1 + (c_{500}x)^\alpha]^{(\beta-\gamma)/\alpha}}$$

$$x = r/R_{500}$$

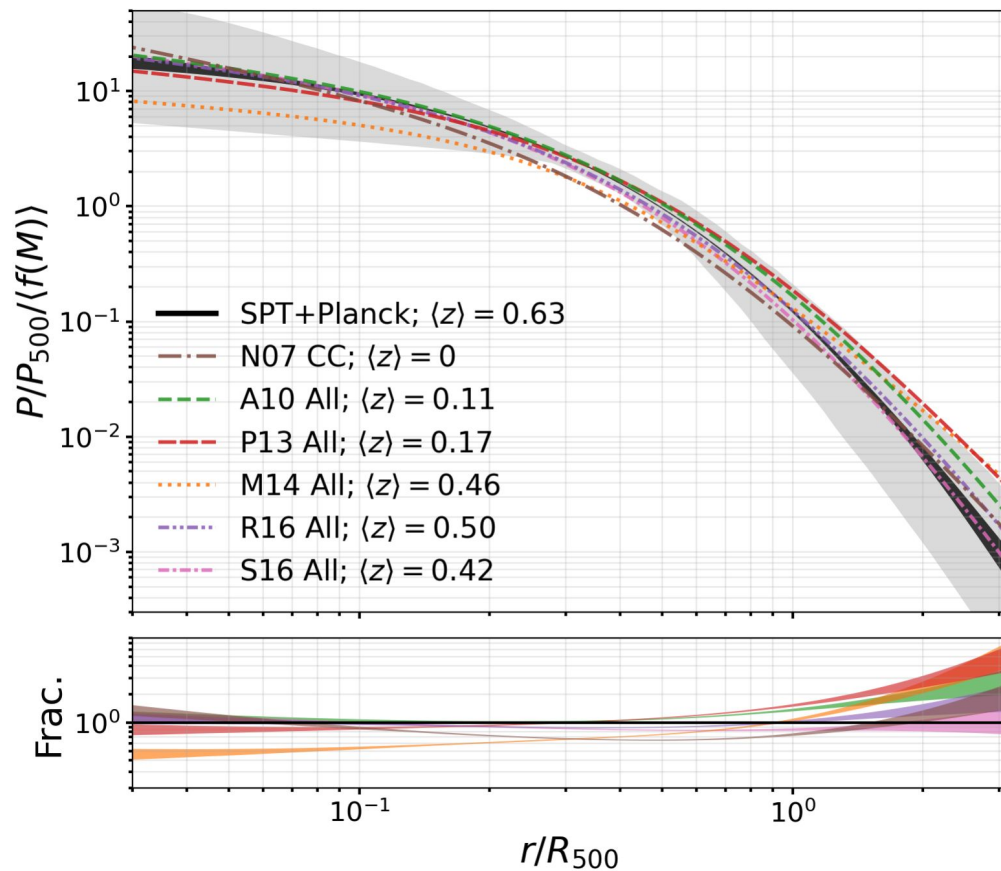


5 free parameters

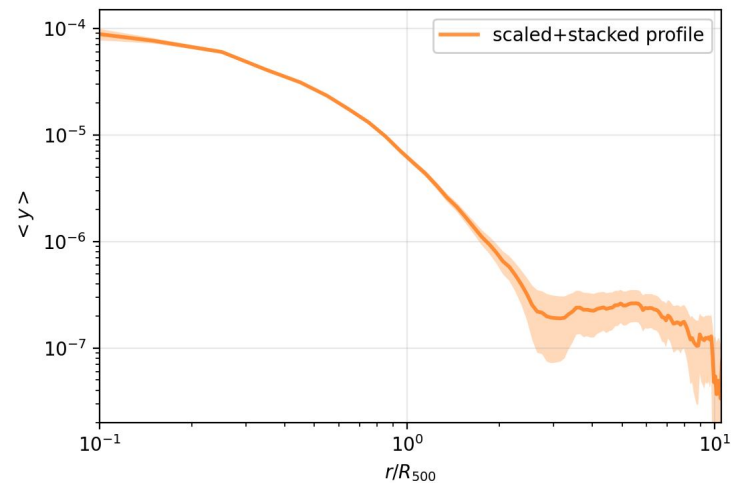
- P_0 : pressure normalization
- c_{500} : gas concentration ($r_s = R_{500}/c_{500}$)
- γ : slope at small radii ($r \ll R_{500}$)
- α : slope at intermediate radii ($r \sim R_{500}$)
- β : slope at large radii ($r \gg R_{500}$)



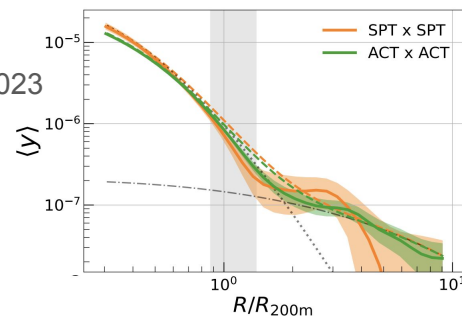
Universal GNFW pressure profile fit - all clusters, N=516



Scaled+stacked compton-y profile

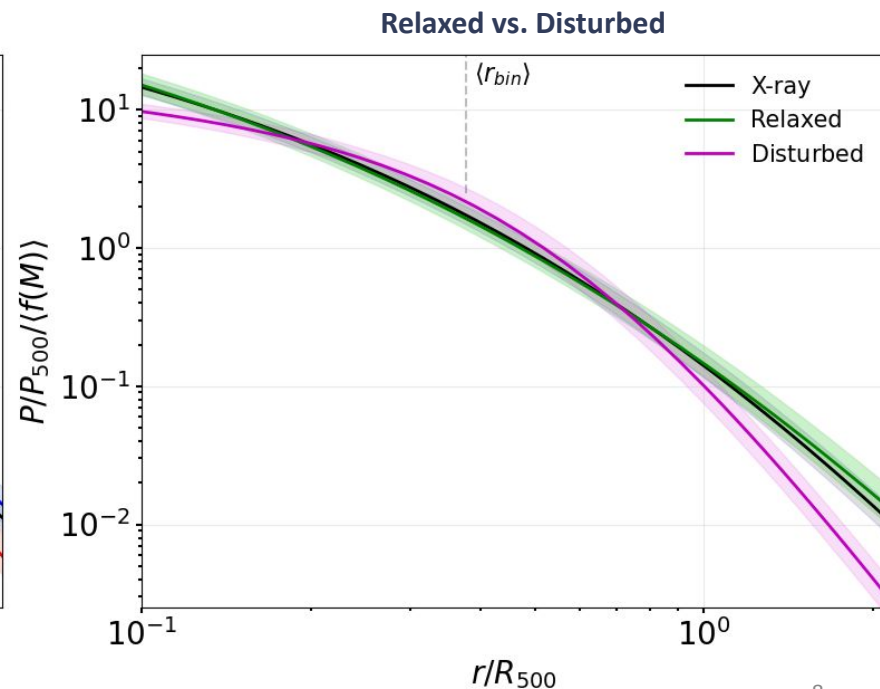
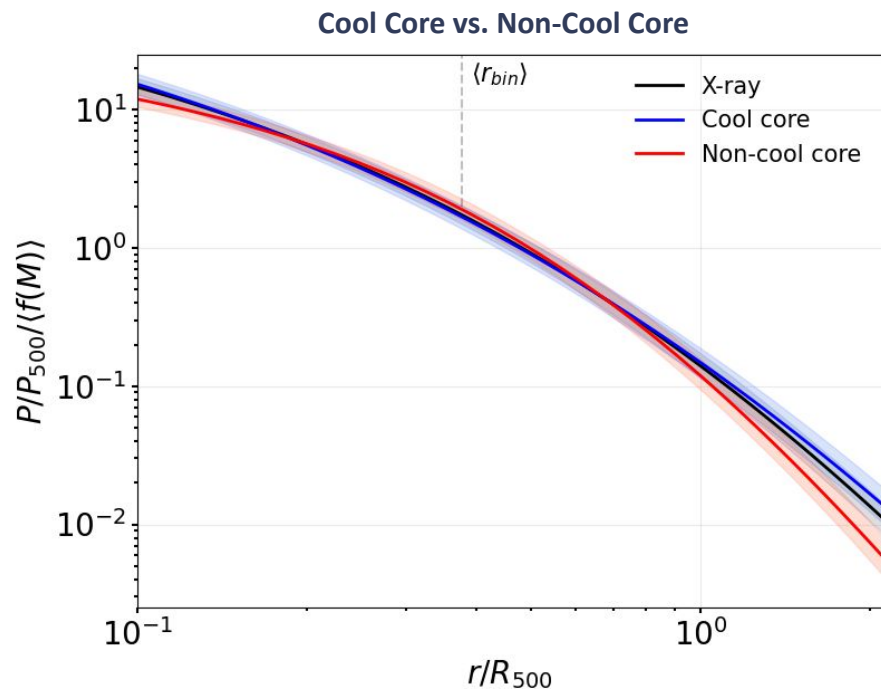


Anbajagane+ 2023
2310.00059



X-ray observed subsample fits

- 83 clusters ($0.3 < z < 1.2$) observed using *Chandra* X-ray Observatory
- X-ray data used to define subsamples (McDonald+2013, Nurgaliev+2013)



Summary

- Universal profile fit shows a lower average pressure at high radii compared to Arnaud+2010/Planck+2013, consistent with Sayers+2016
- Significant disparity in pressure profile fits between the relaxed and disturbed subsamples
- SPT-3G cluster catalogue will increase the sample size x10, with improved SN on SPT-SZ sample



P_0 , c_{500} fit distribution

